The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,252 New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1888.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.—Once a fortnight.
BOMBAY TO BRINDISI & LONDON.—Once a week.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

NEW ACCELERATED THROUGH MAIL SERVICE *VIA* THE CANAL.
NO EGYPTIAN RAILWAY JOURNEY.

COMMENCING with the 27th January, and weekly thereafter, the Company's Mail Steamers will proceed to London through the Canal, calling alternately at Brindisi and Marseilles *en route*. On the Mediterranean Week the mails will be transferred at Port Said to another Steamer leaving for Brindisi, and Passengers preferring that route can transfer to that Steamer also.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

VARIOUS improvements having been made for the greater convenience and comfort of passengers travelling in the *second saloon*, special attention is called to the *advantageous terms* on which *excellent accommodation* to and from Europe can now be obtained.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	FRIDAY.
M. L. THAMES	4161	800	W. A. Seaton	16th Mar.
** SIAM	3011	500	H. T. Weighell	16th "
B. L. BENGAL	4601	800	W. S. Andrews	23rd "
M. L. PERIM	2900	800	A. Symons	30th "
B. L. CLYDE	4121	800	E. M. Edmond	6th April.
M. L. MALWA	4121	1400	S. D. Shalland	13th "
B. L. GANGES	4136	800	E. Stewart	20th "
M. L. SUTLEJ	4194	800	W. D. Worcester	27th "
B. L. PESHAWUR	3900	800	W. A. Wheler	4th May.
* SIAM	3011	500	H. T. Weighell	11th "
B. L. SHANNON	4139	800	C. R. Edwards	18th "
				Tuesday
† ASSAM	3093	500	G. W. F. Browne	22nd May
B. L. THAMES	4161	800	W. A. Seaton	29th "
† SIAM	3011	500	H. T. Weighell	5th June
B. L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4172	700	A. W. Adamson	12th "

The steamers marked B.L. proceed to Brindisi and thence to London and those marked M. L. to Marseilles and London.

The direct Brindisi steamers will call at Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

* These vessels proceed to Aden only, and passengers transhipp there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

† Passengers by this vessel change at Aden to steamer for Brindisi and London.

** Extra, with cargo and passengers for Aden only.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for pieces in the Sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back *via* Taranto, Naples, Rome, and Genoa.

A steam barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Steamers will be despatched as above on (or about) the following dates:—March 21st, April 7th, and 21st.

And fortnightly thereafter.

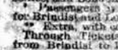
For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, Feb. 25, 1888.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARES to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 305, Rs. 210.
" to Marseilles, " 270, " 190.

First-class Passengers are provided at Wine Passengers to Marseilles transhipped at Brindisi.

Passengers booked through to London are conveyed in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Company's books.

Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE.

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
D. BALDUINO	3,000	800	10th March	1st May.
R. RUBATTINO	3,000	800	1st April	29th May.
SINGAPORE	5,000	900	20th April	19th June.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RECEIPTS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey *viâ* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
STUR	10th Mar. 1888.
HOFMIDA	31st "

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Feb. 27, 1888.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS

BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
TITANIA	A. Sarcfolieo	1,600	600	7th April.
POSEIDON	S. Morea	1,600	650	7th May.
BERENICE	E. Perini	3,500	500	7th June.

EXTRA STEAMERS TO TRIESTE.

PANDORA	A. Trobitz	25th March.
MEDUSA	A. Sbutega	1st April.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130
RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—			
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.	

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON:

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 18th inst., BRINDISI on the 20th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
POSEIDON	S. Morea	1,600	650	14th March.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, Feb. 21, 1888.

CLAN LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Steamer	Tons	Commander	Sailing date on or about
"CLAN MACLAIRE"	2,000	H. Kewley	13th Mar. 1888.
"CLAN MACKENZIE"	3,000	S. Beer	20th "
"CLAN GRAHAM"	3,000	C. Alexanderson	2nd Apl. "

THESE STEAMERS are fitted with every requisite for the comfort of passengers. The Saloon and cabins are all on the Upper Deck.

Qualified Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

Passengers can be booked through to London (overland or Marseilles) by these steamers.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE DIRECT.

Steamer	Tons	Commander	on or about
"CLAN CAMERON"	2,550	P. C. Crookshank	18th Mar. 1888.

This steamer carries neither Surgeon nor Stewardess, and passengers are Rated at reduced rates.

For particulars as to Cabins Plans, passage money, &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 24th Feb., 1888.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Vessels.	Commanders.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
VICTORIA	W. Russell	3337	480	17th March
ASIA	J. Harrison	3560	480	4th April
SELGRAVIA	C. Jackson	3000	800	19th "
HISPANIA	W. Marr	3520	480	5th May
PERSIA	R. Hunchison	3517	480	19th "
ALASIA	J. Gordon	3344	480	31st "
VICTORIA	W. Russell	3337	480	16th June

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every Comfort for First-Class Passengers.

For further particulars apply to

W. & J. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, February 21, 1888.

COLLECTION of LEGISLATIVE ACTS.

comprising the Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, Excise Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Opium Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passengers Ships Act, The Admiralty Act, The Merchant Seamen and Pilots Act, The Vessels Act, The Steam Vessels Act, and the Bombay Port [illegible]

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 16th March, 1888, at noon, calling at Veraval, Maugrole, Porebunder, and Kutch Mandvie, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "KILWA," 1,554 tons, on MONDAY, 12th March (on arrival of Outward English Mails), calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Buereh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "GOA," 1,906 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 15th March, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "ORIENTAL," 1,495 tons, on or about MONDAY, the 19th March, at 5 p.m.

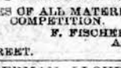
FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 20th March, at 5 p.m.

S.S. Huzara 2073 tons, on or about 11th April.
S.S. Kerbela 1978 " on or about 9th May.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 8th March, 1888. Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.



BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
S.S. EDEN HALL	T. H. S. Millard	3612	400	19th Mar.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

S.S. KIRBY HALL	G. Pearse	2709	301	12th Apr.
S.S. ASTON HALL	J. A. Hill	3568	400	30th "
S.S. WORSLEY HALL	J. Varrill	3432	400	15th May

These Steamers have accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate rates. Do not carry Surgeon or Stewardess.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Passengers can book through to London Overland.

S.S. MERTON HALL	J. Hughes	5109	500	27th Mar.
S.S. WERNETH HALL	A. B. McDougall	5100	500	15th May
S.S. RUFFORD HALL	W. J. Moffat	4000	350	30th "

These fast steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade, and carry both Surgeon and Stewardess. Cabins are all on deck and forward of the Engines.

The last named steamer has only recently been built, and is fitted with all the modern improvements including the electric light throughout saloon and cabins.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES AND CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, March 6, 1888.

COOK'S TRAVELLING AGENCY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Reductions to Family Parties and Missionaries.

Interpreters meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports.

Through Booking *viâ* Japan, America, Australia, &c.

Pamphlet and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.
Calcutta: 11, Old Court-House Street.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite passenger steamer "CITY OF CANTERBURY," 3,212 Tons, Captain A. B. GRAY, will SAIL for Liverpool on or about 28th March. This steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins, Baths, Pursers, and every comfort for first-class passengers. NO others carried. Apply to Managers.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

CRISTALLERIES DE BACCARAT — PORCELAINES DE SARREGUEMINES.

WE invite inspection of the Depôt of these Companies' Manufactures. Crystal Chandeliers Glass and China Ornamental and Tableware. Real and Zinc Artistic Bronzes, Mirrors, &c. A Magnificent display. Dealers supplied at Fabrik Prices free of Commission.

F. FISCHER & CO.,
Agents for India.

HUMMUM STREET.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, LD.

RAMME BRUSH, EDISON DYNAMOS, AND OTHER DYNAMOS FOR ARC AND INCANDESCENT LAMPS).

THE above comprise all the chief systems of Electric Light and Power in use in Europe.

OUR PRICES OF ALL MATERIAL DEFY COMPETITION.

F. FISCHER AND CO.,
Agents for India.

HUMMUM STREET.

GERMAN LLOYD

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Ld.

CAPITAL M3,000,000—RESERVE FUND M750,000

EVERY DESCRIPTION of SEA-RISKS accepted at most favorable Rates.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.

HUMMUM STREET.

TELEPHONES & ELECTRIC BELLS.

The new MAGNETO TELEPHONES require no BATTERY!

INSULATED WIRE AND CABLE (FELTEN & GUILLEAUME'S)

FOR ELECTRIC LIGHTING, BELLS, Telephone, Submarine, Underground and Mining Operations, As supplied to the English, Colonial and Foreign Governments.

STOCKS ON HAND.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.

HUMMUM STREET.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 5 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 25. The Horse shoeing Forging under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY AND BOMBAY DIRECTORY, FOR 1888.

Printed and published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1888 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the immense progress made by the city in recent years.

The new buildings, which have added in the course of the year just closed over sixteen lakhs to the value of the property on the books of the Municipal Corporation for assessment purposes, are in themselves striking evidence of the continuous growth of Bombay.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide now gives for the first time a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

Agents for Maclean's Guide to Bombay Messrs. COOPER, MADON AND Co., Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona.

DOSSABHOY CURSETJEE BHOWNUGREE,
Bhownugree Street, Surat.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AMERICAN DRIED APPLES.

An excellent substitute for the Fresh Fruit either for Pies or for Stewing.

Per Tin, Re. 1-9, Cash.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS.

Apricots	Per tin Re. 1-3	Pears	Per tin Re. 1-3.
Greengages		Plums	
Pine Apple		White Cherries	
Grapes		Strawberries & Raspberries	Per tin Re. 1.
Peaches			

Apples ... per tin As. 9.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

FAMOUS SCOTCH PRESERVES

KEILLER'S APPLE JAM. — KEILLER'S GREENGAGE JAM.
KEILLER'S S. CURRANT JAM. — KEILLER'S RASPBERRY JAM.
KEILLER'S DAMSON JAM. — KEILLER'S R. CURRANT JAM.
KEILLER'S GOOSEBERRY JAM. — KEILLER'S STRAWBERRY JAM.
KEILLER'S PLUM JAM.

1 lb. tins, 7 annas each.

KEILLER'S CHERRY. — KEILLER'S APRICOT

1 lb. tins, 9 annas each.

Sole Agents for the Presidency,
TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MONA — THE FAR-FAMED ORIGINAL
GENUINE BOUQUET

YIELDS THE VERY SOULS OF FLOWERS.—Bottles Re. 1-8, 3 for Rs. 4.

HOAR & CO., OUTFITTERS BOMBAY.

STILTONS

PRIMEST SPRING MAKE

Whole Cheeses in bladder about 13lb each — Per lb. Rs. 1 4
Ditto, in tins — ditto — " 1 6

PHILLIPS AND Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A FEW SECOND-HAND PIANOS.

ALL IN EXCELLENT ORDER,
AT
From Rs. 250 to Rs. 550 each,
RE OFFERED FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW INSTRUMENTS,

PIANOFORTE DEPOT.
No. 1, ASH LANE.

MARCKS AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, & POONA,
43, Esplanade Road. 1, East Street.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES from whom the CHEAPEST and MEDIUM classes contain Good Supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For list of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
6, Apollo Street, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST VINEYARD PROPRIETORS AND BEST SCOTCH AND IRISH DISTILLERS have for a period of nearly *THREE-QUARTERS OF A CENTURY* been represented by us. We quote MESS and CLUB rates *FIVE PER CENT.* LOWER than those of other Shippers, so obviating the necessity of DIRECT IMPORTATION. Our experience and ENORMOUS PURCHASES enable us to offer special advantages.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
Rampart Row, Bombay.

PERRIER JOUET'S
"B" BRAND
RESERVE CUVEE, FINEST EXTRA DRY.
CHAMPAGNE.
Magnums, Rs. 120; Quarts, Rs. 60 & Pints, Rs. 32 per doz
APPLY TO
LYON & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE.	Per 1 Qts. quarts.	Per 2 dos. pints.
Eugene Cliquot Extra	Rs. 54 0	
Ernest Irroy's Carte d'Or	" 33 0	" 36 0
Charles Heidsiek's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry	" 33 0	Rs. 54 0
Heidsieck's Dry Monopole	" 60 0	" 63 0

STILL HOCKS.

From J. M. FABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE, SUPPLIERS TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Laubenheimer	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
Deidesheimer	" 16 0	" —
Niersteiner	" 19 0	" 24 0
Leibfraumilch	" 21 0	" —
Steinwein	" 21 0	" —
Hochheimer Berg	" 25 0	" 28 0
Kudesheimer	" 28 0	" —
Marcobrunner	" 28 0	" 31 0
Johanisberger	" 36 0	" —

FRENCH WHITE WINES.

From A. DUPILLS, MACAU MEDOC.

Sauterne	Rs. 20 0	" —

PORT WINES.

From J. W. BURMESTER, OPORTO.

Good Old Red Port	Rs. 19 0	" —
Fine "	" 22 0	" —
Very Superior "	" 26 0	" —
Most Superior Old Red Port	" 30 0	" —
Most Particular Reserved Old Red Port	" 36 0	" —
Extra Old Pale Invalid	" 42 0	" —

CLARETS.

From Messrs. H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frandt	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 13 0
St. Julien Medoc	" 14 0	" —
Les Canons	" 16 0	" 18 0
Chateau Grand Lebrun	" 18 0	" —
Chateau Leoville	" 19 0	" —
Chateau Le Roc St. Estephe	" 21 0	" —

From MUSEREN & FILS.

Haut Canon	" 15 0	" —
Margaux Medoc	" 17 0	" —
Chateau Larose	" 28 0	" —

From A. DUPILLS, MACAU MEDOC.

Listrac Medoc	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
Cru de Barrayre	" 16 0	" —

From J. ROSMER & SOHN, WIENE.

Hungarian Claret	Rs. 15 0	" —
Chateau Roemer	" 14 0	" —

From FRANZ SCANVASY.

Carlowitz	Rs. 12 0	" 14 0

From BRANDENBURG FRERES, BORDEAUX.

St. Julien, Star Label	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
" Red Bar	" 12 0	" 14 0
Chateau Larose	" 20 0	" 22 0

BRANDY.

H. Montroe's **	" 18 0	" —
F. Dessendier & Co.'s * Brandy	Rs. 21 0	" —
A. Doignon Fils & Co.	" 24 0	" —
Cognac, Gold labels, Blue capsules	" 30 0	" —
Vieux Cognac fine Champagne	" 33 0	" —
Charles Lervoire very old Brandy***	" 37 0	" —

BURGUNDY.

From A. DUPILLS, MACAU MEDOC.

Volnay	Rs. 21 0	" —
Chambertin	" 28 0	" —

WHISKY.

Thistle Blend Whisky ***	Rs. 24 8	" —
" " "	" 22 8	" —

BEER.

	Per doz.	Per doz. pts.
Bass & Co's. Light Bitter Ale	Rs. 6 4	3 3
Bavarian Export Beer	" 6 0	Rs. 3 0
Anton Dreher's Vienna Beer	" 6 0	" 4 0
Marburg's Pilsener Beer	" 6 4	" 3 4

ITALIAN WINES.

Vino Barbera	" 14 0	" —

SUNDRIES.

French Vermouth	Rs. 15 0	" —
Italian do. Finest	" 18 0	" —
Finest Kummel	" 20 0	" —
Chartreuse, Yellow	" 63 0	" —
Swiss Cheese in tins from 1bs. 9 to 34	Rs. 0 11	per lb.

PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

	Per Large Tin	Per Small Tin.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Danish Butter, finest	per 1 lb. tin	1 4
Italian Butter finest, extra quality	1 lb. tin at	0 9
" "	2 do.	1 "
" "	3 do.	1 10

FROM BUSH, BARNEWITZ & Co., WOLFENBUTTEL.

Asparagus	Rs. —	Rs. —
Celery	" —	" 0 10
French Beans	" —	" 0 10
Peas for Soup	" —	" 0 10
Young Carrots	" —	" 0 10
Spinach in Water	" —	" 0 12
Mushrooms	" —	" 0 12
White Cabbage	" —	" 0 12
Small Sausages	" —	" 1 6
Smoked Sausages	" —	" 1 6

TERMS—

Net cash no discount.

No order for less than one original package of Wines, Beer, &c. (Provisions excepted) will be executed.

Quotation orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. p. annum on all accounts, not paid monthly.

VOLKART BROTHERS.
Marine Street.

Number, Feb. 11, 1888.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

FOR BALLS, DANCES, AND DINNERS.

THE favourable position enjoyed by TREACHER & CO., in consequence of their extensive dealings, empowers them to offer high class Wines and Spirits of unexceptional quality at comparatively low rates; as evidence of how much this has been appreciated by their Constituents, TREACHER & Co. are enabled to make the gratifying statement that the Bombay Custom House returns show that the Company's importations are far in excess of those of any other European House.

Upwards of 250 Messes are supplied by the Company, as well as a large number of Clubs, Coffee Shops, &c.

CHAMPAGNES—Of the choicest brands.
CLARETS—Absolutely pure and perfectly sound.
BURGUNDIES—Of superior body and flavour.
SAUTERNES—Soft and delicate.
SHERRIES—Quality of the highest standard.
PORTS (Sandeman's)—Unsurpassed.
BRANDIES—T. & Co.'s brands equal the best importations.
WHISKIES, Scotch and Irish—Fully matured.
GIN AND HOLLAND—Guaranteed sound and wholesome.
LIQUEURS AND BITTERS—Genuine brands only.
BEERS AND STOUT—Bass's, Guinness, &c.

CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

ATKINSON'S CHOICE PERFUMERY.

A LARGE SHIPMENT JUST to HAND in 2 oz., 4 oz., and 8 oz. Bottles.

Comprising the following favourite Sweet Perfumes:—

WHITE ROSE	FORGET-ME-NOT
HELLIOTROPE	FRANGIPANI
JASMIN	OPOPONAX
WOOD VIOLET	SWEET BRIAR
JOCKEY CLUB	MIGNONETTE

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

PILSENER BEER
KAISER BREWERY.

BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).

THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.

First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.

Rs. 72 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.

N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co.," are on the labels without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY,
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE COMRIGAR, SUB-AGENT.

Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and discount to the Trade.

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PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST.

STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY

from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

MEADOW STREET, FORT,

BOMBAY.

ARTISTIC NOVELTIES AND CURIOSITIES.

A SELECT LOT of IVORY NISHKIS just to hand, beautifully and quaintly carved.

Also a large and splendid selection of Japanese and Chinese Artistic ware always on hand for inspection at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES to make room for fresh goods.

Just unpacked Fresh Dry Ginger in Crystallized Sugar in two lb. tins, very nice and palatable.

EBRAHIM ADAMALLY,
CHINA BAZAAR, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

THROUGH THE FAILURE OF A LARGE

WEST-END HOUSE.

MARCKS AND COMPANY LIMITED

HAVE RECEIVED FROM THEIR HOME AGENT

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

GEM JEWELLERY.

CONSISTING OF

DIAMOND BROOCHES	LOCKETS SET DIAMONDS
DIAMOND AND PEARL BROOCHES	DO. DO. RUBIES
PEARL AND RUBY DEMI-SUITS	DO. DO. PEARLS
DO. AND SAPPHIRE PENDANTS	EARRINGS SET EMERALDS, PEARLS.

A few Handsome 18-carat Guard Chains, Albert and Victoria. Also Neck Chains in great variety Scarf Pins, convertible to Solitaire, Studs of Diamonds, Pearls, Rubies, Sapphires, Corals, Turquoises Lapislazuli, &c., &c., &c., in a hundred fanciful designs.

Diamond Cluster Earrings and other articles of jewellery too numerous to particularize in detail.

TO BE SOLD AT

UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICES.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED

BOMBAY.
43, Esplanade Road,
Opposite Clock Tower.

POONA.
1 East Street,
Opposite Napier Hotel.

WHEN PURCHASING A WATCH

IT is necessary to remember the following THREE IMPORTANT CONDITIONS.

1.—That you obtain a reliable and serviceable timekeeper.

2.—That you obtain the best value for your money.

3.—That you deal with a house whose name is sufficient guarantee for strictly fair dealings.

MARCKS & COMPANY. LD.

SPECIALLY RECOMMEND THE FOLLOWING FROM THE IMMENSE VARIETY OF WATCHES THEY KEEP ON HAND.

	Rs.
Their Original and everlasting Campaign Watch Keyless lever	35
Their "Popular" Keyless Watch	14
Their Silver Keyless Lever Watch	50
Their highest "Perfect" Gold Watch	240

Maximum Variation one minute per Month

Their reliable Chrograph Watch	85
Their Lady's handsome Keyless, 18 ct. Gold Watch with finest works Crystal front...	90
Do. do. Hunting case	120
Do. do. Half-Hunting case	125

REPAIRS OF EVERY KIND EXECUTED BY SPECIALISTS.

BOMBAY.
43, Esplanade Road,
Opposite Clock Tower.

POONA.
1, East Street,
Opposite the Napier Hotel.

FOR SALE, WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLES

450 Bore Sporting, 2 Shots, best quality	Rs. 140, plain quality Rs. 120.
500 " Express, 2 Do. do.	Rs. 130, do. do. Rs. 110.
500 " " Single Shot, Winchesters	Rs. —, " " —

Cartridges per 100 for 450 Rifles ... Rs. 11 | Reloading Tools, Per Set for 450 Rifles ... Rs. 17
" 100 " 500 " ... " 12 | " " 500 " " 22

Apply to

KING KING & CO., BOMBAY.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL,

TWO MINUTES FROM APOLLO BUNDER,

FORT, BOMBAY.

THE only Hotel in Bombay has English IRON BEDSTEAD with SPRING MATTRESS.

Fine views of Bombay's celebrated harbour with full access to sea-breeze.

TARIFF, Rs. 5 per day.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is the only Patent Medicine of the kind or name awarded Certificates of Merit at the Calcutta International Exhibition, 1883-4; and the only trade Mark—"PHOSPHODYNE"—Registered and Protected under the Trade Marks Act, 38 and 39 Vic. 91. Certified by the Registrar of Trade Marks, London.

HEALTH, STRENGTH, & ENERGY

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

For TWENTY-FIVE YEARS has maintained its world-wide reputation as the ONLY SAFE, RELIABLE, PHOSPHORIC REMEDY ever discovered for the Permanent Cure of Brain Wreckage, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the system dependent upon the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

It Cures Dyspepsia, Nerve, and Heart Disease.
Cures Kidney and Liver Complaints.
Cures all Disorders of the Blood.
Cures Depression and Loss of Appetite.
Cures Consumption and General Debility.
Checks all Wasting of the Vital Forces
From whatever Cause arising.

The EFFECT of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its Kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is REALLY MARVELLOUS.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE,

Whilst Pleasant to the Taste and Agreeable to the Stomach, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shown from the First Day of its administration by a remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. The Bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Hair acquires strength showing the importance of its action the Organs of Nutrition.

BEWARE OF VILE IMITATIONS.—*NONE IS GENUINE UNLESS* every Bottle bears the British Government Stamp with the words DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE, London, England, engraved thereon. The great Popularity of DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE has raised up Miserable Imitations in India and the Colonies, made up rom cheap, useless Drugs by Ignorant Pretenders. See that the above words are on the Government Stamp before you purchase, and thus avoid dangerous consequences by the use of Spurious imitations.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Annually creates New Nervous Fluid and Brain Matter by supplying the Blood with its Electric Life Element Phosphorous, "*the very Core and Centre of the Brain itself*," and kindles afresh the Fire of Life from the Sole of the Foot to the Crown of the Head.

The unequalled Curative Properties of this Preparation has spread its fame throughout every Nation and Country in the World as the only medicine of real efficacy for Renovating Broken-down Constitutions. Restoring the fullest and most Vigorous Conditions of Robust Health and Manhood under every circumstance, and at very age, by nourishing, fortifying, and developing

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE INDIAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., Ld.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the year ending 31st December, 1887, at the rate of Rs. 75 (seventy-five) per share, will be paid on and after THURSDAY, the 15th inst., to those shareholders whose names shall stand on the Company's register, on the 8th instant, the Registered Office of the Company, No. 24, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 3 p.m., on production of Share Certificates.

By order of the Directors,

S. R. MODY,
M. P. TUBACK,
Secretaries and Managers.

TO-NIGHT!

NOVELTY AT THE NOVELTY THEATRE.
NOVELTY IN SCENES!
NOVELTY IN PERFORMANCE!!
NOVELTY IN EVERYTHING!!!
VICTORIA THEATRICAL COMPANY
Will perform
NIGAH-E-GAFLAT,
An entirely new and sensational adaptation from "Hoodman Blind," by the Company's own Adaptator,
MUNSHI VINAYAK PRASAD TALIB,
followed by
An original Amusing Farce in Parsee Costume, entitled,
MY WIFE'S COMFORTER.
Seats reserved at the Novelty Theatre.

WANTED,

CONTRACTORS to take a whole or part of the cutting of the coal in the Umaria Colliery. Natives or Eurasians preferred.

Terms of agreement can be seen at the Colliery by application to the Manager.

J. W. MAUGHAN,
Manager,
Umaria Colliery.

Umaria, via Katni, 2nd March, 1888.

WANTED, BY THE S. I. R. CO., ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS.

EXPERIENCED in Surveying, Levelling, and laying out Railways. To competent men employment can be insured up to end of August next. Apply stating antecedents, age, experience, and salary expected to the undersigned.

DAVID LOGAN,
Chief Engineer, S. I. Railway.

Trichinopoly, 6th March, 1888.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE—A GRAND SHOW of the PHANTASMAGORIA VIEWS and other LATEST CURIOSITIES and MARVELLOUS SCENES in different colors and costumes will be exhibited by Professor M. Bovis by Hydro-Oxygen and limelight on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 9th and 10th instant. Doors open at 8, commence 8-30 P. M. Admission Moderate. Sailors and soldiers half price.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the EIGHTH DIVIDEND of Rs. 75 per share of Rs. 150 paid up, and Rs. 10 per share of Rs. 200 fully paid up equivalent to eight cent. per annum will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 19th instant, at the registered office of the Company, No. 15, Bank Street, Fort, to those shareholders whose names stood on the 10th's register on the 1st inst.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & HEYWORTH,
Secretaries and Managers.

Bombay, 10th March, 1888.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen-Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the Property and credits of (THAKAR) CURRUMSEY HEERJEE, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, deceased.

THAKURSEY CURRUMSEY ..... Petitioner.
son of the said deceased

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, Sir Charles Sargent, Kt., Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 7th day of March, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-eight, and in the Fifty-first year of our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

(The Seal of the High Court at Bombay)

L. N. BANAJEE,
The 7th day of March, 1888. KHUSHRAO MOROJEE,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 218 OF 1883.
Appeal No. 529.

VASSUDEO RAMCHUNDERJEE ..... { Appellant & Defendant.
vs.
THUCKER CHATOORBHOOJ MOORARJEE and another ..... { Respondents & Plaintiffs.
and
GUNPAT CASSINATHJEE and others ..... { Respondents & Defendants.

And Appeal No. 530.

SUNDRABAI and another ..... { Appellants & Defendants
vs.
CHATOORBHOOJ MOORARJEE and another ..... { Respondents & Plaintiffs.
and
GUNPUT CASSINATH and another ..... { Respondents & Defendants.

WHEREAS by Proclamation of sale made herein and dated 3rd February, 1888, and published in the *Bombay Gazette*, *Jam-i-Jamshed*, and the *Prabhakar*, dated 3rd March, 1888, the proclamation was Notified that on THURSDAY, the 8th idem, at 3-30 p.m. the Sheriff of Bombay would under and by virtue of the decree, dated 8th December, 1886, put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises the right, title, and interest of all the above named parties in the property secondly described in the said proclamation of sale, and situate, lying and being at Naigaum.

And whereas the sale, advertised as aforesaid was adjourned by the officer conducting the sale to WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, at 3-30 p.m.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on WEDNESDAY, the 14th March, 1888, at the hour of 3-30 o'clock, in the afternoon, the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Decree, dated 6th December, 1886, put up for sale by Public Auction, on the premises (at Naigaum) to the highest bidder, and without reserve the right, title, and interest of all the above named parties in the property secondly described in the said proclamation of sale, dated 3rd February, 1888.

For particulars vide the said proclamation, dated, 3rd February, 1888, and for further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff or at the office of Messrs. Manaukhlall and Damodar Mayabhai Solicitors for Thacker Mahomed Moorarjee at the office of Messrs. Craigie, Lyall, and Owen, attorneys for the appellant, Wassudeo Ramchundrajee, or at the office of Messrs. Little, Smith, Pyne, and Nicholson, Attorneys for the defendants Soondrabai and Luxumibai.—Dated this 9th day of March, 1888.

THOMAS BLANEY,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Messrs. Manaukhlall and Damodar ..... for Respondents and Plaintiffs.

COOPER, MADON & CO., Ld.,

Are constantly introducing
NEW PATENT MEDICINES,
PROPRIETARY ARTICLES, HOUSEHOLD REMEDIES, PERFUMERY, AND PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS.

Amongst those lately received or manufactured may be mentioned.

	Rs. as.
Bates' Frizetta, a preparation for curling hair, per bottle	1 4
Bond's (H) Marking Ink, the 6d. sizes, per bottle	0 6
Burgess' Lion Ointment, per box	0 12
Burgess' Lion Pills, per box	0 12
Burrough's Pinol, per bottle	1 12
Burrough's Saccharine Tabloids, the 1s. size, per bottle	0 12
Burrough's Saccharine Tabloids, the 2s. 6d. size, per	1 14
Burrough's Urethane Tabloids, per bottle	2 8
Burrough's Strophanthus Tabloids, per bottle	1 12
Carrnick's Cod Liver Oil and Malt, per bottle	1 12
Carrnick's Soluble Food, per bottle	1 14
Carter's Little Liver Pills	0 14
Cooper, Madon's Diarrhœa and Cholera Mixture, as recommended by the British Board of Health, per bottle	1 4
Cooper, Madon and Co.'s Perfumery, in bulk one pint bottles:—Ess. Bouquet, Frangipanni, Heliotrope, Jasmin, Jockey Club, Opopomax, Stephanotina, Violet, White Rose and Ylang Ylang, from the most noted perfume farm in Grasse, France	12 8
Cooper, Madon and Co.'s Specialite Perfume "Bombay Wild Flowers," an exquisite odour in bottles Rs. 1, 2 and	3 8
Cooper, Madon and Co.'s "India Pale Ale," a fine non-alcoholic drink, and a near approach to Bass' or Allsopp's, doz. bottles	1 4
Cooper, Madon and Co.'s "Saccharine Elixir," in bottles. As. 8, Re. 1, Rs. 1-12 and	3 0
Cooper, Madon and Co.'s "Soluble Saccharine Powder," the substitute for sugar 2 or 3 grs. sufficient to sweeten a cup of tea or coffee, for Dyspeptics or Diabetes, in bottles, As. 8, Rs. 1, 1-12 and	3 0
Cooper, Madon and Co.'s "Soluble Saccharine Tabloids," also very convenient for sweetening tea or coffee, in bottles, As. 8, Rs. 1, 1-12 and	3 0
Courtice's Extract of Nut Galls, per bottle	2 4
Cuticura Resolvent, per bottle	3 8
Cuticura Soap, per tablet 12 as., per box of 3	2 0
Cuticura Skin Cure Ointment, per tin	1 12
Eno's Vegetable Moto, per bottle	0 12
Goodall's Ginger Beer Powders, per packet	0 6
Gosnell's Cherry Blossom, in bottles Rs. 1-12, 3 and	5 0
Harley's Vegetable Bowel Pills, good mild pills for habitual constipation, in bottles, As. 12 and	1 8
Harley's Blood Purifier, for diseases of the skin and blood, of reputed worth, per bottle	3 0
Harley's Damiana Elixir, a muscular and nerve tonic of great value, per bottle	7 8
Harley's Fever and Ague Drops, one of the most powerful remedies ever produced, per bottle	3 0
Harley's Golden Cure, per bottle	3 0
Harley's Peerless Pearls, the great cure for nervous debility, per bottle	6 8
Harley's Pile Remedy, with bandage, a certain remover of this painful disease, per bottle	3 0
Harley's Specific Injection	3 0
Kirby's Sal Mineralis, per bottle	1 4
Maignen's Anti-Calcaire for softening water; per tin	0 12
Southall's Depilatory Soap, per bottle	1 0
Swift's Specific, per bottle	4 0
Warner's Safe Cure, per bottle	4 8
Warner's Safe Diabetes Cure, per bottle	4 8
Warner's Safe Nervine, per bottle	4 2
Warner's Safe Rheumatism Cure, per bottle	4
Warner's Safe Pills, per box	0 1

COOPER, MADON & CO., Ld.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.—By W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Price annas 8; postage free.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

AS it is intended at an early date to CALL a MEETING of the SUBSCRIBERS to the SIR MAXWELL MELVILL MEMORIAL FUND to determine what form the Memorial shall take, it is requested that those who have not already subscribed and wish to do so will send their subscriptions to the Bank of Bombay as early as possible.

FRANK H. SOUTER,
K. T. FELANG,
Secretaries Sir Maxwell Melvill Memorial Fund.

Bombay, 9th March, 1888.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
No. 4, FORBES & MEADOW STREETS.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 451 of 1887.

Pallonjee Shapoorjee Mistry, of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant, residing at Khatwady, out of Fort.....Plaintiff.
vs.
Edward Vaughan Jordon, lately in the employ of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company as auditor and residing at Harkness Road, Maiabar Hill, Bombay .....Defendant.

Whereas by a decree made in the above suit on the 16th day of December, 1887, it was ordered that the defendant should pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. 5,000 for debt, and the costs of this suit when taxed and noted in the margin thereof, and simple interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum upon the amount of the said judgment from the date of the said decree until payment.

And whereas by warrant of attachment before Judgment of moveable property, dated the 26th day of November, 1887, the following moveable property was attached, namely:—2 carriages (1 Mail phaeton and 1 dog-cart), 1 teakwood cupboard, 1 teakwood writing desk, 1 large Brussels carpet, 1 large teakwood carved table with looking glass, 1 iron cot complete with 2 sheets, 1 red blanket, 1 mattress and 2 pillows, 1 teakwood dressing-table with 2 basins, 2 jugs, 2 soap dishes and 2 glass water bottles, 2 table lamps, 45 wine glasses of sorts, 11 tumblers, 1 water jug, 16 ice plates, 15 finger glasses, 4 liqueur glasses, 2 water bottles, 9 custard glasses, 1 ash dishes, 4 salt cellars with plated edges, 1 large sheroot bottle with stopper, 1 fruit dish, 1 plated cruet, 6 bottles, 1 plated cruet 3 bottles, 4 wine decanters, 1 claret jug plated and glass inside, 4 circular flower stands, 1 desert set, 1 dinner set, 12 desert knives, 12 desert forks, 12 fish knives, 12 fish forks, 1 wooden cushioned sofa, 1 kerosine hanging lamp incomplete, 4 cushioned wooden chairs, 3 wall pictures, 1 blackwood round table marble top, 6 copper topes, 2 frying pans, 1 dubber, 5 covers, 1 chalni, 1 kettle, 1 stone filter, 2 small keys.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 10th day of March, 1888, at 2 o'clock, under and by virtue of a Warrant for sale of moveable property, issued in the above suit on the 31st day of January, 1888, will put up for sale by Public Auction at the rooms of Messrs Mehrjee Johnston and Co. Auctioneers, No 4, Forbes Street, the moveable property aforesaid, or so much thereof as shall be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree.

Each lot to be paid for at the time of sale.

For further information and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.

Dated 21st February, 1888.

THOMAS BLANEY,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Messrs. BOMANJEE and HORMASJEE
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, 10th March, 1888.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 10th instant, at 3 p.m., BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the rooms—

10 cases Kilkner's whiskey, Irish malt.
4 dozen red wine in quarts and pints, and 5 dozen beer.

Also the property of a gentleman breaking up his establishment, consisting of a large quantity of wearing apparel, pieces of woolen cloth, cupboards, chairs, show cases, books, &c., &c.

On account of the concerned 10 gross 14 Brass padlocks.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 strong English-built dog-cart, with grey pony and harness.
1 handsome strong English built landau.
1 second-hand office shigram in good order.
1 strong second-hand single-seated brougham in very good order.
1 handsome pony cart lately varnished.
1 strong-built glass fronted miniature brougham.
1 fast trotting bay Arab horse, goes in saddle and harness.
1 pair of well-matched grey Arab horse, both go in saddle and harness.
1 strong bay pony.
1 Bay Arab horse, goes in saddle and harness.

AUCTION SALE of unclaimed goods, sweepings, &c., at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Depot, Waree Bunder, On Tuesday, the 13th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. Bennett & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place—

A large quantity of unclaimed goods, sweepings, &c.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT LANOWLEE.

Under instructions from Surgeon Kaikhosroo Sorabji Nariman, the administrator of the late Sorabji Rustomji Nariman, deceased, and on account and risk of Ardeshir Merwanji Darowalla *alias* Lanowalla, the mortgagor, in pursuance of the power of sale, given in an indenture of mortgage, dated the 10th March, 1883, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst., at 2 p.m., sell by Public Auction on the premises, the following very valuable landed properties:—

Firstly.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, with the messuages, tenements, or dwelling houses, cookrooms and privies standing thereon, with the appurtenances, situate in the village of Lanowlee, Turf Nane Mawal, within the district of the sub-registrar of Mawal (Wadgaum), in the Poona Zillah, containing by admeasurement 1417 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Poona under revenue survey No. 152, and which piece of land is bounded on or towards the east by a public road, and beyond which is the property of the Great India Peninsula Railway Company, on the south by a masonry bridge over a nullah separating the property hereby mortgaged from the property of Ardaseer Merwanjee Darowalla hereby mortgaged and secondly hereinafter described, on or towards the west by survey No. 152 and by the property of Sorabjee Rustomjee Mistry, on or towards the west by a spring of water separating the property hereby mortgaged and firstly described from the property of the said Purshotum Rugoonath Bhanday, and on or towards the north by the property of the said Purshotum Rugoonath Bhanday and by the property of Ardaseer Merwanjee Darowalla hereby mortgaged and secondly hereinafter described, and which said premises were formerly occupied by Pestonjee Cursetjee Majoo, and are now occupied by the said Ardaseer Merwanjee Darowalla, and are more particularly delineated in the map or plan thereof annexed to the deed of transfer of mortgage, bearing date the 15th day of June, 1883, and therein surrounded by a red boundary, and marked with the letter A.

Secondly.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, with the appurtenances situate in the village of Lonowlee, Turf Nane Mowal, within the district of the sub-registrar of Mawal (Wadgaum), in the Poona Zillah, containing by admeasurement one thousand nine hundred and twenty square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Poona under Revenue Survey No. 151, and bounded on or towards the east by the property of Janardhun Wassoodew, on or towards the south by the property of the said Ardaseer Merwanjee Darowalla hereby mortgaged and secondly hereinafter described, on or towards the west partly by the property of the said Purshotum Rugoonath Bhanday, bearing Revenue Survey No. 151, and partly by the property of the said Gopal Vishwanath, also bearing Revenue Survey No. 151, and on or towards the north by a public road, and which said premises were formerly occupied by the said Gopal Vishwanath, and now occupied by the said Ardaseer Merwanjee Darowalla, and are more particularly delineated in the map or plan thereof annexed to the said deed of transfer of mortgage bearing date the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty three, and therein surrounded by a red boundary, and marked with the letter C.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. JEFFERSON, BHAISHANKER and DINSHA, or to the undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On a day to be fixed hereafter, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Mount Napean Road Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome specially designed artistic household furniture of the best make and workmanship, by Mr. Wimbridge and John Roberts, electroplated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, very handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, Persian and Brussels carpets, handsome Hick's patent table and hanging kerosine lamps, fine rate oil paintings and oleographs, a handsome strong Engli h-built glass fronted miniature Brougham an English built light comfortable Victoria, and English-built small phaeton, a handsome strong Calcutta-built dog-cart, a pair of very handsome fast trotting chestnut water horses, a handsome strong bay water horse, sets of English-made double and single harness, &c., the property of F. Kirby, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

ON COMMISSION SALE.

Just landed ex s.s "Riversdale."
1 handsome strong cause-shaped landau, by Kesterton, suitable for pair.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 10th March, 1888.

"IN USE 100 YEARS.

SKIN DISEASES

Are of two kinds: firstly, those which are only skin deep (which are not now to be considered); secondly, those which are caused by a bad state of the blood, and which attack various parts of the body in different ways. Such diseases shows itself in the HEAD, sometimes in the form of Dandruff which no amount of brushing and combing will get rid of, and sometimes in the form of Scaly Eruptions. In the NECK, by an enlargement of the glands (commonly called Glandular Swellings), which if unchecked become very unsightly wounds. In the ARMPITS, and the inside of the ELBOWS, by an inflamed Roughness of the Skin, which is very painful when washed. In the H.ANDS, by deep Cracks or Fissures, which, if healed for a few days, speedily op n again, or by horny-looking patches. In the LEGS, by Hard, Shiny and Inflamed Swellings, or by wounds more or less deep. In the BODY, in Red Scaly Patches, which as often as rubbed off, form again or in the discharge of a thin, watery fluid or very disagreeable nature. In all these cases the treatment must be twofold. An Ointment is required to relieve itching, and Medicine must be taken to change the state of the Blood, and render it pure.

Both these requirements are supplied by

Dr. Roberts' Celebrated Medicines,
The OINTMENT called
"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"
And the
ALTERATIVE PILLS,
Called "PILULÆ ANTISCROFULÆ."

These Two Medicines have now stood the test of 100 years trial, having been introduced to the public in the latter part of the last century.

They may be obtained of all Chemists, or of the Proprietors,

BEA H & BARNICOTT, BRIDPORT, DORSET.

Price 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s. each. *Postage extra.*

OVERLND SUMMARY, published weekly, on the departure of English mail. 24 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year (including postage).

NOTICES.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

THE 2nd CONCERT of this Society, at which the greater part of the Oratorio "THE MESSIAH" will be given, will take place on TUESDAY, the 27th inst. Further particulars in future advertisements.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.

EXPERIENCED ESTIMATORS for RAILWAY WORK (Bridges, Station Buildings, and Staff Quarters) wanted immediately, to report at Nagpur. Pay, Rs. 65 a month. Apply to

G. A. ANDERSON,
For Agent and Chief Engr., B. N. Ry., Nagpur C.P.

A PARSI, Elphinstonian, desirous of having his son, aged 16—an intelligent promising lad attending one of the affiliated colleges,—sent to England with the view to make him a Covenanted Civil Servant, would be glad to make an alliance with a well-to-do Parsi Family having a daughter to give in marriage, on condition that her Father or Guardian defray the expenses of the lad's complete preparation for the Civil Service Examination in England. Communicate by letter with "DELTA," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

SOUTHERN (MAHRATTA RAILWAY Co., Ld.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of OILS, TALLOW, and COTTON WASTE at the Hubli, Poona, and Bangalore Store Depots, during the year commencing 1st April, 1888.

Specifications and Forms of tender for each Depot can be obtained from the Store-keeper, Hubli.

Tender's must reach the Office of the Agent and Chief Engineer, Dharwar, not later than WEDNESDAY March 21st, and the covers should be headed "Tenders for Oils, Tallow, and Cotton Waste."

The Agent and Chief Engineer does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender. For any farther information apply to the Store-keeper, Hubli.

J. G. LINDSAY, Col., R. E.,
Agent and Chief Engineer.

Agent and Chief Engineer's Office, Dharwar, 25th February, 1888.

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay up to 2 p.m., on FRIDAY, the 16th instant, for the removal of all stable refuse, offal sweepings, &c., from the Municipal Slaughter House at Bandora for a period of one year from the date of acceptance of tender.

Form of contract and all information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 100. Successful tenderers will have to pay the full stamp duty on their contracts, half the expenses of advertising, &c., and such further deposit as with the Rs. 100 deposited will make up 10 per cent.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

F. L. CHARLES,
Ag Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 7th March 1888.

NOTICE.

THE NEW CLUB, Simla, has now been registered as a LIMITED LIABILITY ASSOCIATION, the liability of members being limited to their Entrance Fee of Rs. 100.

The Club will OPEN on the 15th of March. Additional quarters for resident members are now being constructed, and will be ready shortly.

Gentlemen desirous of joining the Club or of securing quarters should apply to

THE HONORARY SECRETARY.
New Club, Limited, Simla.

Bentinck Castle, Simla, March 1, 1888.

AUCTION SALE AT MAHABLESHWAR.

ON SATURDAY, THE 31ST MARCH, 1888, at 2 P.M.

(If not previously disposed of.)

"CRAIG HALL"—Finest situation on the hill.
"MONASTERY"—Favorite and picturesque bungalow.
"BIRD'S NEST"—A snug retreat with extensive grounds.
"ROSE COTTAGE"—Commands a lovely view.
"MULBERRY COTTAGE"—In same compound as Rose Cottage.

Also a small house in the Bazaar and a Strawberry Garden on the Lake.

THE HOUSE AT SATARA will be sold on MONDAY, the 2nd April, 1888, at 2 p.m.

For particulars apply to

MORGAN & BALKRISHNA.

SALE OF TIMBER IN THE KODIBAG DEPOT, NEAR KARWAR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the usual SALE of TIMBER by PUBLIC AUCTION will be held at the Kodibag Depot, on TUESDAY, the 20th March, 1888.

TERMS OF SALE.

Cash or payment to the Accountant-General, Bombay, on the second day following the sale. In case of the latter the purchaser shall be required to intimate the payment by telegraph to the Forest Ranger, in charge of the Coast Depots, Karwar.

For further particulars, apply to the Forest Ranger, in charge Coast Depots, Karwar.

J. L. L. MACGREGOR,
Conservator of Forests, S.C.

Conservator's Office, S.C., Camp Anshi, Kanara District, 2nd March, 1888.

THE RUKHMABAI DEFENCE COMMITTEE.

HAVING for its objects—(*a*) the protection of living married women against the injustice and hardship which would be involved in her being imprisoned in execution of a decree pronounced by the High Court of Bombay in a suit brought against her husband for the restitution of conjugal rights, the case being one in which those "rights" as a matter of fact have never yet been exercised.

And (*b*) The removal of the anomaly involved in punishing disobedience to a decree based on Hindoo Matrimonial Law by the penalty of imprisonment, such penalty which is entirely unknown to that law and is created by a British rule of Civil Procedure.

Subscriptions are urgently solicited for the objects set forth above and may be sent to the Undersigned or direct to the Bank of Bombay to the credit of the Rukhmabai Defence Fund.

JOHN P. BROWN,
M. M. BHOWNAGREE,
Hon. Secretaries

3, Church Gate Street, Fort.

LIST of ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been granted to the Administrator-General and of Estates which have come under his administration.

Robert Edwin Wright, late Executive Engineer, Mhow.

Augusto de Lotowski, late of Bombay, European Inhabitant.

John Newman Harden, late of the Bombay Civil Service and Assistant Collector at Ahmedabad.

Thomas Alexander Parker, late Assistant Loco: Superintendent, G. I. P. R., Bhusawal.

Goolam Hoosein Shaik Mateel, late of Bombay, Manufacturer.

Frederik Adolphe de Ropstorff, late of Port Blair in the Andaman Islands.

Peter Lyons, late of Her Majesty's Mint, Bombay.

Edmund George Reilly, late a Captain in Her Majesty's 17th Regiment, Bombay Infantry.

Joseph DeMello, late of Bombay, Tobacco Merchant, trading under the name of Howard & Co., Bombay.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the aforesaid estates, are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts, and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his office within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed, and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

LOUIS F. AUSTIN,
Acting Administrator-General.

Administrator-General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 17th February, 1888.

GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H. M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.
FIXED DEPOSITS received.
FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London.
CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.
INVESTMENTS and SALES made in STOCKS and SHARES.
PAY and PENSIONS realised.
PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
PACKAGES landed and shipped.
NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.
ASSURANCES effected, Marine, Fire, and Life.
SUPPLIES of every description procured.

Terms and particulars upon application.

London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL,

SHAWL AND CARPET MANUFACTURERS.
(By SPECIAL APPOINTMENT to)
H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh, and H. E. the Viceroy and Governor-General of India.
ORIENTAL EMPORIUM OF CURIOSITIES.

SHOW ROOMS

For Shawls, Carpets, Metal Works, &c.

THE Establishment of DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL is the oldest in Amritsar. The goods are guaranteed to be real. Prices are reasonable and fixed. A comparison with goods supplied by other Establishments is invited.

DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL'S Carpet Manufactory is now under the superintendence of Mr. H. B. Blake, late Deputy Superintendent, Lahore Central Jail, where for 11 years, he was in charge of the Carpet Manufactory of that Jail, and from his great experience he is thoroughly acquainted with the industry in all its different phases; and under his supervision this firm is now producing Carpets not to be surpassed in India, and at reasonable rates.

HALL STREET,

Near the Railway Station, just inside the Hall Gate of the CITY of AMRITSAR, PUNJAB.

DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL respectfully invite Visitors to Amritsar to inspect their Establishment where their Indian Manufactures may be examined.

TERMS—Strictly Cash, or V. P. Post.

PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

N. B.—Visitors are requested to enquire for DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL, and to be cautious that they are not misled by touts, dalals, and garrywalas.

HISTORY
OF
THE PARSIS
INCLUDING
THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION AND PRESENT POSITION.
BY
DOSABHAI FRAMJI KARAKA, C. S. I.
IN TWO VOLUMES.
PUBLISHED BY
MACMILLAN & Co., LONDON
AND
BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE, BOMBAY.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart-row.

NEW STATIONERY

CAN BE HAD AT

The Bombay Gazette Office

16, ESPLANADE,

(NEXT TO THE CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOL.)

NOTE-PAPER.

	Rs. a.	
IMPERIAL TREASURY, ROSE REP—Albert size, extra double thick	8 0	per ream.
Do. do. do. Blue	8 0	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY, VELLUM REP—extra double thick, octavo	8 0	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY REP—Queen's, extra double thick	7 8	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY CREAM LAID—extra thick, large octavo	7 8	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY VELLUM REP—Albert size	7 0	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY CREAM LAID—extra thick, octavo	7 0	"
THE "CASTLE"—Double thick, cream laid, octavo	5 8	"
SUPER CREAM LAID—Double thick, large 8vo	5 8	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY CREAM LAID—Queen's, extra thick	5 0	"
THICK SATIN SUPERFINE CREAM LAID—Albert size	3 0	"
BANK LARGE POST, Cream wove, very tough and good Post paper	2 8	"
Ditto.—Azure wove ditto	2 8	"
SUPERFINE CREAM LAID Note-paper	2 8	"
"RELIANCE" Note-paper, Superfine, Cream Laid, extra good quality	2 8	"
SUPERFINE CREAM Note-paper, "S. D. 5,"	2 0	"
CREAM LAID Note-paper, "S. D. 3," a serviceable sheet	1 8	"

All the above are in four pickets of five quires each, which may be had singly.

ENVELOPES.

	Rs. a.	
IMPERIAL TREASURY, ROSE REP, to match "Albert"	1 4	per 100
IMPERIAL TREASURY, BLUE REP.	1 4	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY VELLUM REP, to match octavo of same quality	1 8	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY, Vellum Rep, to match "Albert" note-paper of same quality	1 4	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY CREAM LAID, to match octavo note-paper	1 4	"
DOUBLE THICK, SUPERFINE CREAM LAID, to match "Castle" note-paper	1 0	"
DOUBLE THICK, SUPERFINE CREAM LAID, to match large octavo of same quality	1 0	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY CREAM LAID, to match Queen size, extra thick	1 0	"
"VELLUM," strong, thick, unglazed, to match Imperial Vellum note-paper	2 2	per 250
CREAM LAID, Court Shape to match Thick Satin note-paper	1 4	"
COMMERCIAL BANK.—Large size envelope, as good as hand made, to match Bank Large Post, cream	4 12	per 1,000
CANADIAN BUFF, No. 7	3 12	"
DRABS.—Beautifully finished, pale ashy tint, very strong and opaque	3	"
MOTTLED GREY—Good quality finished	4 8	"
'MAGIC," Quality 11B, large size to hold a Post Note-paper	4	"
AFRICAN GLOBE.—Superior white envelope, high flap, with proof to cover for printing addresses	3 4	per 100
"QUALITY J," Superfine Cream Laid	3 0	per 1,000.
THISTLE.—A highly glazed white envelope	3 0	"
ADVERTISER," No. 4	1 14	"
'SPECIAL," No. 7, larger size, than the above	1 12	"
'SPECIAL," Superfine Cream Laid, small size	1 10	"
SQUARE No. 2.—Same size as above, but a little thinner	1 8	per 250
"GLOBE, O," extra large square envelope	1 4	"
VALUABLES.—Handmade Envelope for remittances, white outside, salmon inside, very strong Envelope	1 8	per 100
LARGE SQUARE.—For invitation cards	0 8	"

STATIONERY.

IN CONVENIENT BOXES.

OLEOGRAPH STATIONERY Boxes with brass clasp, containing 100 sheets superior Note-paper and 100 Envelopes to match	2 8	each.
'APSLEY" BOX.—Paper box, containing 48 sheets Note-paper and 48 Envelopes double thick, delicate tints, assorted	0 12	"
EXPRESS CARDS.—Very handsome cards, gilt edged, with envelopes of the latest style to match, Cream, White, Fawn, Cerulean, or Grey colour, 50 Cards and 50 Envelopes in each box	1 0	"

Other varieties, from Annas 8 to Rs. 2-8 per box.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE."

Samples of Notepaper and Envelopes free on application.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

PACKAGES for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

SHIPPING.—GOODS, PACKAGES and BAGGAGE shipped and INSURANCE effected when requested.

SARSAPARILLA.

Wilkinson's Essence or Fluid Extract of
RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED by the FACULTY as a WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD.

It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ATTENUATION of BODY, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY that the system become less liable to attacks of illness.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
"We recommend your *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla*."—*Medical Review.*
"The only preparation for removing what may be called the Sediment of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Gaspell.*

The late Lord Clyde, writing for a further supply of *Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla*, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"Your *Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla* and use of *Tonpid Liver* after all other rem

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Council, Secretariat, 12 n. m.
Annual Tug-of-war Tournament, 2-30 p. m.
Annual Meeting Bombay Institution for Deaf Mutes, [illegible] Institute, 4-30 p. m.
Sailors' Cocoanut, Colaba Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, [illegible] m.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Peninsular (s), for Coast and Calcutta; Brenda (s), for Bombay (4); Elephant Point; Taif (s), Marsham; Sorrento (s), Hull; Kohinur (s), Calcutta; Simposai (parque), False Point; and Ballarat (s), London.

RIVER CRAFT BOARD.—Owing the pressure on our space, we have been compelled to omit the daily High Court Board to-day.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The increase in goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 19th February, 1888, was 84,676 maunds, and in money Rs. 27,983.

M. N. PRIOR CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total attendance of patients last month was 4,854, out of which 828 were new admissions, the daily average attendance being 167.

THE PARSEE VICTORIA THEATRICAL COMPANY.—This company, so well managed by Mr. Balwalla, performs this evening at the Novelty Theatre a translated version of "Hoodman's Blind," a piece which had such a run at the Princess Theatre. Those who may be anxious to see a good native company of actors perform a piece they can understand will do well to visit the Novelty Theatre to-night.

SIR MUNGULDASS NATOOBHOY'S KAPOLE NIRASHRIT FUND.—In commemoration of Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy's grand-daughter's marriage, which took place at his Cavasjee House on the 8th instant, he has presented the Nirashrit (Relief) Fund a four per cent Government Promissory Note for Rs. 1,000, on condition that the interest accruing thereon shall be applied towards insuring the Sanitarium building at Walkeshwar.

SALVATION ARMY.—A party of officers and soldiers of the Salvation Army, hailing from Gujerat and Southern India, numbering about 100 strong, with band and colours, arrived here yesterday forenoon at the Victoria Terminus station, by the Raichore mail train. They were received at the station platform by Colonel Wariscuttah and the officers of the Bombay Head-Quarters Staff, and marched off to the Army Quarters, headed with the band playing some lively airs.

THEFT OF JEWELLERY.—Inspector Dillon, yesterday, charged a Bania named Bicku Vulson and another, before Mr. Hamilton, with stealing Rs. 390 worth of jewellery from one Premjee Gopal. The complainant's house was broken into some weeks ago by the accused, who removed his jewel-box, which they destroyed while they pledged the ornaments. On information being given to the complainant by several boys, who saw the prisoner break up the empty jewel-box, they were arrested by the police. Pleading guilty to the charge the accused were sentenced to four months' hard labour each.

AN AMBITIOUS THIEF.—At the Fort Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Hack charged a Mahomedan, named Calli Ahmed, before Mr. Hamilton, with stealing several empty wooden cases. The cases were stored at the entrance to the godown of Messrs. Cooper, Mathew & Hunsman Street, and the accused in a most daring manner engaged a coolie and removed them in open day. During the course of the day the manager of the company, having become aware of the theft of the cases, reported the matter to Mr. Hack, who at once arrested the prisoner while he was in possession of the boxes in the native town. Pleading guilty to the charge and admitting previous convictions, he was sentenced to three month's hard labour.

AN INTEMPERATE ASSAULT.—Captain Kewley, of the s.s. Indian Sinclair, yesterday prosecuted a Seedee-caisse, named Abdool Ali Sulliman, before Mr. Crawley-Bovey on a charge of assault. It appears that as Captain Kewley was getting out of a victoria at the Shipping Office the Seedee caught him by the collar and assaulted him. Other persons, who were standing about, interfered and kept the assailant off. The Seedee had been in the Clan Sinclair and had been discharged, but he could not account for his conduct. On the evidence of the Seedee, and remarking that the assault had been most unprovoked, and one which could not be allowed to occur again in the streets of Bombay, he passed a sentence of three weeks' hard labour without the option of a fine.

ASSAULT ON THE HIGHWAY.—Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. P. Ryan, three native Christian toddy-drawers, named Francis D'Souza, Evelino Augustus, and Joaquim Triza, living at Lower Parel, appeared to answer the charge preferred against them by Paulo Fernandes, also a native Christian, and a resident of the same locality, defendant No. 1 with committing an assault against the person of the complainant on the 21st February last, and defendants Nos. 2 and 3 with aiding and abetting the commission of the said offence. Mr. Jamasjee P. Kanga appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Hormyshanker for the defence. The case for the prosecution was that in April last year defendant No. 1 was convicted by Mr Dossbhoy Framjee, then Magistrate of the Esplanade Police Court, of enticing away the complainant's wife and theft of ornaments and was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment. Since then ill-feeling existed between him and the complainant, and he frequently endeavoured to provoke a quarrel with the complainant, but through the interference of some friends the bickerings were quelled. On the date in question, at about 7 o'clock in the evening complainant came by train and alighted at the Dadar Station, where he was met by defendant No. 1, who was in company with the other two defendants. He provoked a quarrel with the complainant while he was on his way to his house at Lower Mahim, and when passing by a tamboar Lower Mahim defendant No 1, seized the complainant, knocked him down, and assaulted him with a stick, while the other two inflicted blows with their fists. He was severly bruised about the face, head, and other parts of his body and had to be treated in a dispensary at Mahim for several days. The defence denied the charge, but full ample evidence was brought to prove the assault the three defendants were convicted. No 1 was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment, No 2 to one week's similar imprisonment, and No 3 was fined Rs. 25, and further the three defendants were ordered to be bound over in their own recognizance in a sum of Rs. 200 to keep the peace for a period of six months.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

Roubile Kazi Shahabuddeen, Poona
Mr. and Miss Graves, H M S Crocodile
Dr. and Mrs Kelly, H M S Crocodile
Mr and Mrs Anderson, H M S Crocodile
Lieut. C. E. Buzzi, H M S Crocodile
Lieut A. G. Trollope, H M S Crocodile
Lieut. W. F. White, H M S Crocodile
Lieut. W. E. White, H M S Crocodile
Lieut W. Fraser, H M S Crocodile
Lieut. C. D. Peterson, H M S Crocodile
Lieut. L. Robii, H M S Crocodile
Lieut. C. J. Scott, H M S Crocodile
Capt. C. F. Stevenson, H M S Crocodile
Capt. and Mrs Saunders, H M S Crocodile
Capt. G. Kitson, H M S Crocodile
Lieut. V. Allen, H M S Crocodile
Lieut. W. H. Norie, H M S Crocodile
Lieut G. Burton, H M S Crocodile
Lieut. W. Nisbett, H M S Crocodile
Lieut. G. Morris, Ellichpur
Mr. A. F. Brewster, Nagpur
Miss D. Douglas
Mr. Summers
Lieut. Keane, R N, H M S Ring Fisher
Capt. S. D. Clarke
Mr. W. Mackay, Rajkote
Mr. Bonfoem
Mr. F. Hodges, Allahabad
Surgeon Cuille, I M S, Mahagiri
Mr. J. Elliott, Madras
Mr. S. Notton, England and Madras and party
Mr. [illegible] Mrs Robb, Lahore
Mr. Dixon, Lahore
Lieut. and Mrs Pemberton, Deolali
Mr. [illegible] Bhopawar
Mr. J. [illegible] Bombay
Mr. [illegible] Masschie, C S, Poona
Mr. [illegible] Poona
Mr. [illegible] Poona
Mr. [illegible]

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re: 1; each succeeding line, As. 8.—No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

COMPOSITORS.—Good JOBBING and NEWS HANDS WANTED. Only competent men will be appointed—Apply, *Bombay Gazette* Office.

TO-DAY'S ICES, VANILLA, PEACHES, Raspberry, and Rose; also Wines and Spirits of the best qualities to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, No. 25, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

BUY YOUR TOYS and DOLLS and see how much you save on them. Toys from one anna each. Dolls from annas nine. Presents to suit all classes at cheap Prices.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

WILL YOU COME and try one of our dinners at the RIPON HOTEL, Mahableshwar?

KHANDALLA HOTEL "Victoria Lodge" and "Duna Villa," completely furnished.—Apply N. I. MANECKJEE, Girgaum Back Road.

L. J. MYCKOFF, M.D., Accoucheur. Specialty—diseases of women, skin diseases, and diseases of the eye and ear. Fee according to means.

TO LET, the ground-floor of a House suitable for a large Millinery Shop with an extensive compound in Hornby Row, next to Sir J. J. Institution.—Apply N. J. Manockji, Girgaum Back Road.

A EUROPEAN is anxious to hold private classes in English, Latin, Mathematics, and Science, to coach Students up for the Matriculation Examination. Terms moderate.—Apply sharp, "L. T.," care of this Paper.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL.—I have been staying at the Hotel with my wife and child for upwards of a fortnight, and have been in all respects very well satisfied with it. The Proprietor has been most polite and the Servants very attentive. The table has been first-rate, and I can recommend it to any one wanting an economical house to live at. Shiv Mastera will, I feel sure, find it most convenient, and I wish it every success.—S. B. MASTER, Clan Graham.

AIR GUNS.—Large size, Rs. 55, with ammunition complete.—GEYER & Co., Ld.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, (Opposite Municipal Offices). TOM SAYERS, Proprietor. Entirely under European Management.

FOR SALE, a new lot of magnificent CRYSTAL LOOKING GLASSES and FURNITURE.—E. MURAGLIA & CO.

FOR SALE.—6 CARDING ENGINES, 40in wide, by Messrs. Platt Brothers.—Apply MANAGER Coorla Mills.

FURNISHED HOUSE, TO LET, on Malabar Hill, from May 1st for six months. Apply to KING, KING and Co.

SINGER'S FOR CASH OR EASY TERMS SEWING MACHINES, 6, CHURCH GATE STREET.

TO BE SOLD, STONE HOUSE, Louisa Point, Matheran. Apply to the Advocate-General, Chambers, High Court.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, Bombay.—First-class French Cook. Breakfast or Tiffin: Rs. 1. Dinner, Rs. 2.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a First-class Upper-storeyed Hotel. Each family has a separate Sitting-room. Terms moderate.

TO BE LET, Bungalows at Falkland Road, with nice gardens. Rent, Rs. 50 to 100. Apply to R. M. RUTNAGAR, Share Market.

DWJEE CANJEE & Co., Beds, Library Presses, Sofas, Chairs of latest designs made and kept ready; Chandlis, No. 6.

BEAUTIFUL GOLD NECKLETS of 22 and 18 Carat; Rs. 150 to Rs. 250.—S. and J. KHAN, 6, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

DR. KHORY'S BOMBAY MATERIA MEDICA. Price, Rs. 6. Union Press, Dhobitalao; Radhabai, and Gopal Narayan, Kalbadevi.

ICES! ICES!! Every day three kinds of Ices. Fresh, Pastry, English and French Confectionery.—MORENAS & Co., General Merchants.

C.B.B. MARE, by an English sire, age 6 off, height 14-1; every taste in saddle. Price, Rs. 525. To be seen by appointment at SPERRING and SONS.

ENGLISH HOTEL, Hornby Row, Fort, the most commodious Hotel in Bombay, unrivalled for comfort and cleanliness. Terms moderate.

MATHERAN SEASON OPENED. ALEXANDRA AND PINTO'S HOTELS open for Visitors. Detached Bungalows available for Families.

DOCTOR P. MERLO gives GRATIS CONSULTATION, every Tuesday Thursday, and Saturday, from 2 to 3 p.m., at his Office, 45, Hornby Road.

FOR SALE.—A large Millinery and Dress-making Establishment with Goodwill, Fixtures, Show Cases, &c. Apply "FINIS," *Bombay Gazette*.

NEW GOODS!! NEW GOODS!! Perfect Fit GUARANTEED. Coat and Trousers, from Rs. 15. JOHN MAHOMED and Co., 15, Meadow Street.

DOMESTIC SERVANTS will be supplied by Mr. AVARI JEE to the public, by orders being received. Orders will be promptly executed.—Opposite Macropolo Medical Store.

JEWEL-RINGS, Gold Lockets, Brooches, Chains, etc. made to order in time. Best workmanship.—KANNY & CO., Gold and Silversmiths, Watchmakers, 6, Rampart Row.

LUNCHEON BASKETS, complete with all necessary fittings. For four, Rs. 18; for three, Rs. 36 and 25; for two, Rs. 20 and 18; for one, Rs. 12. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

JUST ARRIVED NEW PATENT ARISTONS, with Iron Axles and Brass Wheels, with 12 Lamps and packing case complete, Rs. 30.—L. STEFENAUER, 8, Church Gate Street, Fort.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

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CLEARANCE SALE.—Mrs. Lake, Rampart Row, offers great reduction in prices. Cheap dresses, &c., made to order. Hats, Bonnets, Feathers, Flowers, Mull and other dress materials at very low prices.

I beg to say that I am really in want of good servants, and will pay at once to MOONSHY & Co., General Merchants, Commission Agents, Estate and Loan Brokers, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Telephone No. 25.

ROYAL FAMILY HOTEL, POONA.—A First-class upper storeyed Hotel, best and very airy situation. Every comfort to Families and Single Gentlemen. Terms moderate.—FRAMJI DADABHAI & Co.

WANTED, a SECRETARY and MANAGER for the Western India Flour Mills, Ld. Apply by letter submitting qualifications and terms to the Directors, 89, Grant Road, up to 15th March current.

COOK'S STEAM LAUNCH runs to ELEPHANTA at frequent intervals. It has been specially fitted up for Picnics, and is available for private parties to Elephanta, &c. Apply to THOS. COOK and SON.

LADIES' Tailor-made Ulsters, Riding Habits, Newmarket Coats, &c., made and fitted to present style of our new clothes just imported. Estimates and patterns free.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld. Rampart-row, Bombay.

GRAND MILITARY TOURNAMENT:—Tickets to seats in the Pavillion at Re. 1 and Annas 8, and seats in the open at Annas 4 and Annas 2, can be had at once from the Hon. Secretary, 67, Medows Street, Fort. Also on the ground on the 10th and 12th instant.

FOR SALE.—DEMY EXPRESS LITHO. PRINTING MACHINE, (QUITE NEW) by Messrs. Furnival & Co., London, fitted with recent improvement and two sets of Rollers, complete. Steam or hand. For particulars, &c., apply to IMPORTER, care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

A FIRST-CLASS CLUB HOTEL for Parsee Gentlemen at "Langholm House," Mahableshwar. Entrance fee, Rs. 25 per annum. Board and Lodging Rs. 4 per day. Only 40 Members admitted. Apply to the Proprietors, Fountain Hotel, Mahableshwar.

PRESENTS.—Our magnificent and varied assortment of Useful and Fanciful Articles in Silver, Electro and Gilt ware, from Rs. 5 to Rs. 1,000 is now on view. Inspection Solicited. Latest Novelties in Articles of Gold and Silver Jewellery.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

KNOWLEDGE of Drawing not necessary. Lessons to Ladies in Lustre Paintings, Kartaline Canvasine, Crystoleum, Painted Lace, Porcelain Painting and Crewel Painting by a Diplomaed Lady. Terms at Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Byculla.

MATERIALS for Crystoleum Lustre, Canvasine, Crewel Paints, Dresden Art Luster, Velvet Photographs, Designs drawn to order. Also Photos painted in Crystoleum, Canvasine and Fantaltre from smallest to largest size. Address by letter "ARTISTE," care of this Office.

REMARKABLE DISAPPEARANCE!!! Re. 1 paid either for Mattiwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture, at Dr. Mattiwalla, Dadur, Bombay, or at Cooper, Madon and Co., Chemists, Fort, or at Dantra & Co., Tea Merchants, Church Gate Street, Fort. Will be returned if the Ague or Intermittent Malarious fever does not abate by its use!!

SURGEON-MAJOR A. S. G. JAYAKAR, Civil Surgeon, Muscat:—I have used BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE with success in some obstinate cases of intermittent Fever, and I have pleasure in recommending it as a safe reliable and speedy remedy.

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OUR famous selections of the PURE TEAS of India, China, and Ceylon, are guaranteed to be of the Highest Quality and richest flavour. Trial orders respectfully solicited. Prices ranging from Annas 7 to Rs. 2 per lb. in tin packets. DANTRA & Co., Tea Merchants, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE PALL MALL HAIR CUTTING SALOON and TOILET CLUB, for Ladies and Gentlemen, hair and beards clipped and brushed by machinery. Wigs and Theatrical Articles for Amateurs. Perfumery and Toilet Requisites from the best Houses in London and Paris. Proprietor: F. FINKELSTEIN, 79b, Esplanade Road, Fort.

NOTICE.

THE Public are informed that the Entrance Gate for holders of Rs. 1 and 8 anna tickets for the "Assault-at-Arms" enclosure is on the west side of the Oval.

FRANK H. SOUTER, Commissioner of Police, Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 7th March 1888.

NOTICE.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN attending the EVENING PARTY at Government House, Malabar Hill, on the 10th instant, are requested to drive in and leave by the Lower Gate.

FRANK H. SOUTER, Commissioner of Police, Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 9th March, 1888.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

I. WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURESHIP.

THE TWELFTH SERIES of the WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES will be delivered in Bombay in the First, or Cold Weather Term of 1888-89. SUBJECT, "English viewed in connection with Anglo-Saxon and its other Sources." The Series will consist of not fewer than six Lectures. Candidates for the Lectureship are invited to send in their applications to the Undersigned on or before the First day of May next.

II. THE MUNGULDASS NATHOOBHOY TRAVELLING FELLOWSHIP.

The Syndicate of the University will proceed to elect a new MUNGULDASS NATHOOBHOY TRAVELLING FELLOW on the 28th inst. Candidates for the Fellowship must forward an application to the Undersigned, on or before WEDNESDAY, the 21st. (For further information see University Notification No. 1709, published with the *Government Gazette* of the 23rd February last.—Part II.)

P. PETERSON, D Sc., University Registrar.

Bombay, 3rd March, 1888.

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A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time and fare tables of the Railway Companies, Steam-boats and Dâk companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill-sanitaria, &c. With a new Coloured map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price eight annas. Postage Free published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamers Brenda and Rothsay, sailed yesterday for Elephant Point, empty.

THE steamer Lawada, Captain J B Pearson, cleared yesterday for Madras and Calcutta with a general cargo and 417 deck passengers.

THE Italian steamer Stura 1,415 tons, Captain R Caboara, will sail to-day for Hongkong, with a general cargo and three passengers for Singapore.

THE steamer Auretta, 1,729 tons, Captain B W Reid, arrived in Bombay yesterday morning from Cardiff, with a cargo of 3,317 tons coals for the B B and C I R Co. She is consigned to the Captain.

CAPTAIN S. MERSA, of the Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's Steam Nav. Co.'s s.s. Poseidon, reports to have spoken the British ship JBHF on the 7th inst. in Lat 17° 9' N and Long, 66° 10' E, on board all well.

THE steamer Panama, 1,135 tons, Captain A Steel, from Middlesbrough, arrived in Bombay yesterday laden with a cargo of railway materials for the G. I P R Co. She is consigned to Messrs. Beyte, Craig and Co.

THE steamer Cuba, Captain H Aguew, cleared yesterday for Havre with a general cargo and the following passengers—Mrs Watson, Mrs Clement and infant, Mr and Mrs Bruff, Mrs and two Misses Powell, Mr Dalton, Mr Galbraith, and Mr Colvin and friend.

THE B I steamer Coconada, Captain J A Magenis, sailed yesterday for Coast ports and Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr C Pritchard, Mr J T O Neill, Lieut R H Thomas, Miss Hazelgrove and infant, and Mrs Pounie, for Kurrachee; Mr and Mrs W F Higgins, for Cutch Mandvie; and 62 deck for various ports.

THE B I steamer Purulia, from Busreh, Captain J C Macfadyen, arrived in Bombay yesterday morning, with mails from the Persian Gulf and Karachi and the following passengers:—Mr E G Young, Mrs S S Shooker, Miss Shooker, Captain Chapey, Mr Quinn, Major Welby, Mr W C Hughes, Mr J A Memny and wife and two native gentlemen and 84 deck.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

9TH MARCH, 1888.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. D.Baldulno	3014	G. Dodero	A	F. Bozzoni.
,, Victoria	2207	W. Russell	B	W. &A. Graham & Co.
,, Brenda	1073	J. Merrifield	C	C. Edulji.
,, Kashgar	1678	Judd	D	P. & O. Co.
,, Nedjed	1738	J. M. Reid	E	K. Nixon & Co.
,, C. Macken-zie	1927	S. Bear	F	F. Muir & Co.
,, Clan Came-ron	1585	P. C. Crockete	G	F. Muir & Co.
,, Stura	1416	De Marche	H	F. Bozzoni.
,, Amana	2048	Thwaite	K	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Cuba	1473	H. Agnews	L	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Eden Hall	2533	T. H. S. Millard	M	E. Bates & Co.
,, Rothsay	1337	E. Goodier	N	W. &A. Graham & Co.
,, Airato	2066	J. R. Gordon	O	F. Muir & Co.
,, Suez	1408	W. Humphries	P	B. Craig & Co.
,, C. Sinclair	1912	J. R. Kawley	Q	F. Muir & Co.
,, Dragoman	1839	J. B. Rose	Dis	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Henzada	1300	J. Avern		B. I. S. N. Co.
,, Dunedin	1418	J. P. Cummings	Off side.	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Barcelona	1217	Cumming		J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Hajeen	1842	Newey		K. Nixon & Co.
,, Rialto				F. Muir & Co.
,, Panama	1133	A. Steel		F. Muir & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commander	From.
8	Panama (s)	Steel	Middlesbro'. Feb. 2.
9	Poseidon (s)	Mersa	Trieste, Feb. 8.
	Auretta (s)	Reid	Cardiff, Feb. 6.
	Rialto (s)	Kerr	Hull.

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
9	Coconada (s)	Magenis	Coast and Calcutta.
	Brenda (s)	Merrifield	Elephant Point.
	Rothsay (s)	Goodier	Elephant Point.
	Taif (s)	Schumacker	Mauritius.
	Sorrento (s)	Ouston	Hull.
	Kohinur (s)	Edge	Calcutta.
	Sinquasi (barque)	Richards	False Point.
	Ballaarat (s)	Ashdown	London.

The following vessels cleared out yesterday:—
Steamer Lawada, Pearson, for Madras and Calcutta.
" Cuba, Agnew, for Havre.
" Stura, Caboara, for Hongkong.

The following vessel was entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Rialto, for Hull, Hamburg, &c.
" Fazlee, for Moulmein.
" Purulia, for Karachi and Persian Gulf.
" Siam, for London, &c.
" Nedjed, for Genoa and Marseilles.
Barque Heros, for Zanzibar.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 8.

Mumm, Captain, Madras, 7th Hussars, on leave.

MARCH 9.

Reynolds, Colonel, Bombay Staff Corps, from leave, from England.
Melville, Lieut and Adjt, Bengal Staff Corps, from leave, from England.
Thomas, Major, Bombay, D A A G for Musketry in leave, from Poona.
Westropp, Lieut, Bombay Comt Dept, on duty, from Aden.
Baker, Surgeon, Bombay, I M S, from leave, from England.
Hardinge, Surgeon, Bombay, I M S, on leave, from Deolali.

DEPARTURES.—MARCH 8.

Anderson, Surgeon, Bombay, I M S, from leave, to Asirgarh.

MARCH 9.

Cameron, Major, Bengal Seaforth Highlanders, on leave, to London.
Morres, 2nd Lieut, Madras, S W Borderers, to join at Thayetmyo.
Thomas, Major, Bombay, D A A G, for Musketry, on leave, to England.
Munam, Captain, Madras, 7th Hussars, on leave, to England.
Fawcett, Surgeon-Major, Bengal Med Staff, on duty, to Allahabad.
Hennessy, 2nd Lieut, Bengal, to join 8th Bengal Infantry, at Dorunda.
Cameron, Surgeon-Major, Bengal, I M D, on furlough to England.
Scott, Lieut-Col, 11th Bengal Lancers, to join, to Nowgong.
Graves, Brigade Surgeon, Bombay Med Staff, on duty, to Mhow.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 10th March, 1888.

1. There will be no parade this evening owing to the Volunteer Sports.

2. The Colaba range is available for class-firing daily, until the 12th instant.

3. The usual monthly Regimental Committee meeting will be held at the Volunteer Club at 5-30 p.m., on Wednesday, 14th instant.

4. It is notified that the Annual Inspection of the Corps will be held on the 24th instant. The Commanding officer hopes that the Corps will muster as strong as possible on parade.

5. Attention is again called to the large number who have yet to complete their class-firing.

By order,
H. S. B. HODGKINSON, Capt. & Adjutant, Bombay Vol. R. Corps

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS

BY H. R. H. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Poona, 9th March, 1888.

THE C-in-C is pleased to make the following appointments:—

No. 1 Mountain Battery.—Lieut A. L. Tisdall, to be 1st Subaltern, vice Elliot resigned. Lt. E. R. Braid, E. Battery, 2nd Brigade, Royal Artillery, to be 2nd Subaltern, vice Tisdall, appointed 1st Subaltern. Lt. F. R. Mac G de Sutta, No. 8 (Heavy Battery) 1st Brigade, Cinque Ports Division, Royal, Artillery, to be 3rd Subaltern, vice Stuart, resigned.

Bombay Sappers and Miners—Surgeon H. B. Briggs, to officiate in Medical Charge during the absence of Surgeon-Major J Davidson on furlough, or until further orders.

19th Bombay Infantry.—Jemadar Vitoo Sawant to be Native Adjutant from 2nd Dec 1887 vice Sayyid Nadir Shah, promoted.

1st Bombay Infantry.—2nd Lt P. H. Cunningham, 1st Battalion, Royal Scots Fusiliers, who has been appointed a Probationer, for the Bombay Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing officer on probation, dated 23th Feb 1888.

9th Bombay Infantry.—Lt A. H. Bolton, 1st Battalion Royal Dublin Fusiliers, who has been appointed a probationer for the Bombay Staff Corps to officiate as Wing officer on probation, dated 1st March 1888.—

16th Bombay Infantry.—2nd Lt M. F. A. Sexton, 1st Battalion, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, who has been appointed a Probationer for the Bombay Staff Corps to officiate as Wing officer on probation, dated 7th March 1888.

Lieut. R. C. O. Stouart, 3rd Subaltern, No. 1 (Native) Mountain Battery, having resigned his appointment from the 15th inst, is placed on General duty with the Royal Artillery, Kirkee.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to England with the necessary subsidiary leave.

6th Dragoon Guards.—Capt F. S. Garratt, for 12 months, on private affairs.

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. R. C. O. Stuart, for 12 months, on private affairs.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, War Office, it is intimated that Lieut. G. S. Worsley, No 7 Battery, 1st Brigade, Southern Division, R.A., has been placed in the seconded List, on appointment, to the Bengal Staff Corps.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

2nd. Bombay Lancers.—Lieut. A. L. Pillean, to Bombay from 12 March to 11th May 1888, to study the Native language.

Capt. Staff.—Col. W. R. Truman, (late 7th Dragoon Guards) to remain in England on extension from 3rd April to 3rd May 1888, on private affairs.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 9.

CONSOLS showed no movement in London yesterday at Reuter's quotation of 102⅛, notwithstanding the forebodings regarding the German Emperor which have since been realized. Rentes in Paris were also unchanged, at 106¼. Silver was still worth 43½d. per oz., and Four per cent. Rupee Securities were unaltered at £68½; but in the other denomination there was an advance of ½, at £72½. Indian Sterling Loan was ¼ per cent. higher, at 106. The Indian Council made an extra sale of Rs. 1,40,000 Bills on Madras yesterday at 1s. 4 23-32d.—the higher rate obtained on the previous day.

The Reserve of the Bank of England, according to the Weekly Returns wired yesterday, stood at 45 per cent. of the Liabilities, so that there has been no change in this respect since the previous Wednesday. No alteration is reported either in the Bank or Market rates of Discount.

The weekly shipments of Specie to India are represented by £150,000, all Silver, to this port.

There is no fresh news from the other side regarding Wheat; and the Mincing Lane markets were unchanged yesterday.

The Liverpool Market, which opened quiet, with probable sales 10,000 bales, closed irregular, the total sales, however, having reached 12,000 bales, inclusive of 1,200 bales Surats. There was a fall of 1-16d. in Mid-Uplands at 5¾d.; and "Good Fair" and "Good" Dhollera, and "Good" Hinghunghat declined to the same extent. American Arrivals were unchanged in the nearest and most distant positions, but for intermediate deliveries rates were 1-64d. lower. This morning the market opened steady; probable sales 10,000 bales; Imports 19,000 bales. Manchester had been quiet. July Futures advanced 15 points in New York, say, to 10·29 cents; but the spot quotation remained at 10 3-16 cents. The receipts at the Ports were 9,000 bales, which makes the figures for the present week so far 2,000 bales less than for last year, and 10,000 bales heavier than the year before. The comparison for the three years is now as follows:—

	1888	1887	1886
Thursday's Receipts	9,000	10,000	9,000
Five days' do.	58,000	60,000	48,000
Since 1 Sept. 87	4,940,000	4,904,000	4,632,000

We have had a very quiet day in Cotton here, demand, in view of the somewhat conflicting nature the news from the governing market, having been very slack, while dealers, so so far from showing any disposition to induce business by a concession in price, have put up their rates a little, and quotations are half a Rupee to a Rupee higher than they were yesterday, all round. The reported sales of ready stuff comprise some 600 bales of Julgaum, at Rs. 200-209; 450 Karanja, at Rs. 214; 300 Chalisgaum, at Rs. 191; and 200 Bengals, at Rs. 170-80. 300 bales of old Dharwar were also taken, at Rs. 197½. The quotations of the Cotton Trade Association this afternoon were as follows:—

	Fine.	Fully Good.	Good.	Delivery.
Bengals	180	175	170	March.
,, Do.	181-2	176	171	April.
Akola	...	211-12	207	Mar. & April.
Sheagaum	...	211	207	do.
Khangaum	...	214	210	do.
Khandeish	...	202	197	do.
Barsee	...	218	213	do.
Bawnuggur	217-18	206	196	April and
Dhollera, Bombay pressed	213	202-3	193-4	May. do.
Broach	241	235	230-1	March.
Dharwar	...	...	205	May.
Westerns	...	...	190-1	do.

WHEAT.—The market for ready old stuff is quiet again, and only a small business is reported Quotations for the New Crop are given as before, and we hear of no fresh contracts being booked.

SEEDS are also very quiet and unchanged in value, and no demand is noticeable for the New Crop from exporters, and very little from native dealers.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	12,162	bales.
Wheat	21,383	qrs.
Linseed	6,508	,,
Rapeseed	716	,,
Gingelly	2,802	,,
Groundnuts	7,763	,,

FREIGHTS.—Business is reported for Marseilles by the Hall Line at 17s.; and engagements have been made for forward loading to favourite Ports, at 20s. 6d. to 21s. per ton. Generally the market keeps very quiet, and quotations for ready cargo are unchanged.

EXCHANGE.—Owing chiefly to the scarcity of Private Bills, this market has been easier to-day, though there has not been much quotable change in rates. Bank Demand Bills were called 1s. 4 11-16d. in the earlier part of the day, but much could not have been done at this rate. At closing the quotation was 1-32d. lower. Forward buying rates have been 1s. 4 27-32d. for March-April delivery, and 1s. 4 13-16d. for May. We quote ready.

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4 31-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic Transfer	1s. 4¾d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4 23-32d.	,,
Credits 3 ,,	1s. 4 27-32d. to 13-16d.	,,
France 3 ,,	177	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER has fluctuated to-day between 98 1-16 and 98 5-16 for Fours for cash, the closing quotation being 97 13-16, with forward rates 97 15-16 for the next settlement, and 97⅞ for the 30th April account. 4½ per cents. are 103¼ to ½ nominal.

SHARES.—There has not been much passing in this market to-day, and, in the case of Mill Scrip, what has been done has, in most cases, been in favour of buyers. Alliance, and Great Eastern Mill shares are Rs. 10 lower; Jewraz Balloo, and Luckmidas Khimji have declined Rs. 5; and Ripon are Rs. 2½ down. Manockji Petit have advanced Rs. 5. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 5 higher. Bombay Ice have improved Rs. 7. Kemp and Co. have moved up Rs. 3 per share.

NOTES ON INDIAN LAND REVENUE.

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MAJOR GENERAL SIR MICHAEL BIDDULPH, C. B., writes:—

I have much pleasure on leaving India to acknowledge the excellency of the Spectacles you have furnished me, and I shall always gladly recommend your Pebble Spectacles to my friends.

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT:

TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER

AT THE

OBTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT,

BEING

A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,

WITH

Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 25th March and 25th July, 1864, respectively.

Price, Re. 1, postage, 1 Anna.

Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row,

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

LE MESURIER—February 29, at Selim, Kurseoe, the wife of W G Le Mesurier, of a son.

MARSH—March 6, at Khawah, the wife of Henry Marsh, Executive Engineer, of a daughter.

PUSEY—February 21, at Jubbulpore, the wife of A St George Pusey, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

CAVE—THOMAS—February 27, at Emanuel Church, Purneah, by the Rev G H Weber, Roderick Jefferson Cave, eldest son of the late Mr Henry Cave of Gondwarrah Indigo Concern, Purneah, to Lily, daughter of Mr J Thomas, of Wimbledon, England.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1888.

THE German Emperor died yesterday. In him there disappeared from the stage of European policy the most potent figure that has moved upon it in our generation. The burden of more than ninety years in no wise abated the influence of that venerable and imposing personality. To the last day of his reign he was a force—never perhaps a greater than then—powerful for the good of his people, powerful for the conservation of the world's peace. With him years counted for nothing except to add to his claims upon the affection of his subjects and the veneration of the world. There was no faltering in his purposes, no diminution in the resoluteness with which he pursued the path that he and his indomitable Chancellor had followed from the day on which the two became associated in the guidance and the government of the Prussian State. His work ended with his life, and the energy which had inspired it was as persistent as the loyalty and admiration which it evoked. For the affection in which the Emperor was held was phenomenal, even in the annals of a people with whom loyalty is an instinct and the relations of the nation to the ruler are almost filial. His personal characteristics had much to do with this. He loved simplicity as much as Frederick the Great himself, while he was as passionately German in his moral and intellectual sympathies as Frederick, during his lifelong wooing of the French humanities, was the reverse. The old Emperor's iron camp bed, on which he slept almost to the last, appealed to the homely sympathies of his people much as the great Soldier King's unvarnished boots had done to the Berliners of the last century. In the two last decades of his life the strong bonds of love that held together Sovereign and people strengthened in an extraordinary degree. Only the poets, and not the world at large, believe that whom the gods love die young, and in the astonishingly vigorous old age of the Emperor William men seemed to see marks of the favour of destiny which challenged anew the devotion of his people with each addition to the crown of his years. In his personal and public history, too, there was more to appeal to the patriotic consciousness of the German race than in the annals of any of his predecessors. The long life which yesterday ebbed to its close had touched at once the depth as well as the height of the national fortunes. If Sedan and Versailles were the greater glories of the record, there were the earlier pages also on which Jena and Auerstadt were inscribed, and on which the conqueror had written, not untruthfully, that Prussia had ceased to exist. No prince in Europe seemed to have been born to a more grievous inheritance than the son of the heroic Louise whose best legacy to her sons was a noble entreaty to win back the honour of their country. The astonishing success

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CROWN PRINCE.

SAN REMO, MARCH 9.

The Crown Prince starts for Berlin on Saturday.

THE NEUTRALIZATION OF THE SUEZ CANAL.

PARIS, MARCH 9.

France entirely agrees with the objections raised by England to the amendments made by Turkey to the Suez Canal Convention.

THE THIBETAN QUESTION.

SIKKIM DESIRES PROTECTION AGAINST THIBET.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 9.

Phodong Lama met the Viceroy at Darjeeling, and said that Sikkim desired protection against Thibet.

SANITATION IN INDIA.

The despatch on the question of Sanitation in India is expected shortly from Home.

THE EXCISE ENQUIRY.

Mr. Buckland, Senior Secretary, Board of Revenue, will be deputed to Madras and Bombay for the special Excise enquiry.

BURMA DECORATION.

The Viceroy and Staff who went to Burma have been decorated with the Burma medal.

SCALE OF PENSIONS FOR THE UNCOVENANTED SERVICE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 9.

The Pioneer says that the Government of India knows nothing of the proposed conventional scale of pensions and allowance for the Uncovenanted Civil Service.

POLO TOURNAMENT AT UMBALLA.

At the Umballa Tournament the 23rd Regt. beat the 25th by one goal to love and the 88th beat the 60th by five goals to love.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, MARCH 9.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. Assam, with outward English mails of the 2nd instant, left here for Bombay at 10 o'clock this morning.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, MARCH 8.

The Clan Line steamer Clan MacGregor arrived here this morning from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo.

SUEZ, MARCH 8.

The P. & O. S. N. Company's steamer Manora, outward bound for Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta, left here this afternoon.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 8.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed irregular. Sugar is steady.

Scotch Pig Iron Dullers	42d.
The Manchester Market has been quiet.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	88¾
4½ per cent. do.	72¾
3 per cent. Consols for account	102¼
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106
3½ per cent. French Rentes	106¾
Bar Silver	43½

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(MAR. 8.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Germany.—Via Teheran, interrupted. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
Belgium.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
Austria.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct, perfect.
Australia.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.
China.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, March 8.

10 p.m. ... 76°

FRIDAY, 9.

7.5 a.m.	73·4
10 a.m.	78·8
2 p.m.	82·2
4 p.m.	81·8

A cable is being laid into Massowah, and a telegraph office will be shortly opened there.

It is proposed to place a local tax of four annas per case on petroleum in Calcutta, in addition to the imperial duty. The "ditchers" must be a long-suffering people if they do not make some protest against this new impost.

Two curious incidents in the change of owners of race horses occurred at the Bombay Races, says the *Asian*. Mr. Burney's pony Suspense was claimed for sale after a selling race, and when the bid was at Rs. 640 the owner remained under the belief it was his bid, while it was really Mr. C. N. Dias, to whom it was knocked down to Mr. Burney's utter disgust, he having only recently paid Rs. 1,300 for him. C. N. C. refused Mr. Burney's offer Rs. 300 over the price made later.

It has already been announced in our telegraphic columns that his Highness the Nawab of Tonk has addressed a khurita to the Viceroy, placing at the disposal of the Government of India his army and all the resources of his State for the defence of the North-West frontier. "As Tonk finances are embarrassed," an up-country paper remarks, "there would have appeared to be a touch of insincerity had the offer taken the shape of money, as it has in the case of wealthier States; but the Tonk army is in good order, well disciplined, and regularly paid, while the warlike spirit of Ameer Khan still animates his descendants. The offer is therefore not only gratifying in itself, but affords one more proof of the prevailing opinion among native princes—that their interests and those of the Government are identical in all that concerns the general safety of India."

The Allahabad paper compliments Bombay upon being the first to complete its returns regarding the cost of Civil Justice. So far from a profit resulting from the court-fees it appears that Government *lose* 19½ lakhs yearly at least in the Western Presidency. We wonder how the figures will work out in Bengal? One illustration in advance will serve to show how misleading are the returns which usually serve as the basis for arguing that court-fees should be reduced. The cost of the Chief Justice in Calcutta is set down at Rs 6,000 a month; whereas the charges really are annually Rs. 2,72,000 (or, say, £5,000 sterling) for the present Chief Justice and £1,800 pension for each of his predecessors, Chief Justices Garth, Couch, and Peacock. The total thus mounts up to £10,400 per annum instead of the Rs. 6,000 per month, which is debited under the head of Law and Justice as the cost of this office. The pensions are, of course, cleared in the Home Accounts to superannuations. More elaborate calculation than is usually thought fit in Bengal is required to work out the actual cost of Civil Justice in India, but that the question will be solved by the time the Budget comes we have good reason to hope.

It having come to the notice of the Madras Government that a railway Executive Engineer used violence to coerce to secure carts for the conveyance of material for the State line he was in charge of, they have informed him that they view his conduct with much displeasure, and that a repetition of the same would involve serious consequences.

DEATH OF THE GERMAN EMPEROR.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

LONDON, MARCH 8, 1-50 P.M.*

A bulletin just issued states that the Emperor William passed a restless night, and that he is very weak.

MARCH 8, 7-25 P.M.

The Emperor of Germany is dead.

MARCH 8, 9-55 P.M.

The announcement of the death of the Emperor William is premature.

His Majesty has only swooned.

MARCH 9, 12-30 A.M.

The swoon lasted for one hour.

His Majesty afterwards took some stimulant and slept quietly.

MARCH 9, 4-50 A.M.

The latest report regarding the condition of the Emperor William states that a further improvement has taken place; the pains have subsided and fever decreased, and he had been sleeping soundly up to midnight, when he took some soup and other substantial food.

MARCH 9, 9-35 A.M.

The Emperor of Germany died at 8-30 this morning.

(* Above has been delayed in transmission.)

THE LATE EMPEROR.

The German Emperor has died full of years and honours, at the patriarchal age of ninety-one. For his time of life, the Grand Old Man of Germany preserved remarkably good health, until very lately, when the terrible malady, which has prostrated the Crown Prince, no doubt told severely upon his aged father. The German people who have been united into one great confederacy under his rule, and who have seen, under the famous triumvirate of the Emperor, Prince Bismarck and Count Von Moltke, their father-land raised to the front rank of European Powers, will very sadly bemoan the loss of their ruler. It is almost incredible that the power which is now able to control the destinies of Europe was but a little insignificant kingdom during the early years of his life. He could well remember the time when he witnessed from the windows of his father's palace in 1806 the march-past of the army on its way to the disastrous war which ended in the total subjugation of Prussia by France. Immediately after the defeat of Jena, the Queen left the army in precipitate haste, and on first meeting her sons burst into a paroxysm of weeping and sobbed out to them: "Children, you see me in tears; I am weeping for the destruction of the army; it has not fulfilled the king's expectations!" Those who know the history of 1806-10 cannot but admire the moderation of the King of Prussia in 1870. Every act that we can reasonably attribute to the King personally, the entry into Paris, the treatment of the representative of the men who had tried to vilify his mother's name, the general bearing of the Prussians towards the French not in arms; in all these things the Emperor showed himself considerate and generous. Much of this generosity, says a writer in the *Quarterly Review*, is due, perhaps, to the noble admonition of his royal mother, who wrote after Jena to her two eldest sons (of whom he was one):—

"Ah! my sons, you are already of an age when your understanding can grasp these heavy visitations. Recall, in the future, when your mother and queen no longer lives, this unhappy hour to your recollection; weep tears to my memory as in this unhappy moment; weep for the fall of my country. But content yourselves not with tears alone—act, develop your powers. Perhaps Prussia's tutelary angel may descend upon you: then free your country from the shame, the reproach of the humiliation in which it languishes. Seek to conquer back from France the now darkened glory of your forefathers, as your ancestor, the great elector, formerly at Fehrbellin avenged on the Swedes the shame and disgrace of his father. Ah! my sons, do not be carried away by the degeneracy of this age; be men, and thirst after the glory of great commanders and heroes. If this ambition were wanting to you, you would be unworthy of the name of princes and descendants of the Great Friedrich; if, however, with all your efforts, you cannot raise again the downtrodden State, then seek death, as [your uncle] Louis Ferdinand sought it (at Jena).

Fleeing from "the Gallic yoke," the Queen, with her children, had to retire to a quiet place, where their way of living was necessarily so simple that his mother and sister had to perform in person some of the humble duties of the household. When he became King of Prussia, he had long to submit to the domineering influence of Austria, which turned to the fullest account the jealousies and animosities, which prevented the cohesion of the numerous little principalities into which Germany was then divided. Many of them played into the hands of Austria, and the influence of Austria in the German Diet was often exerted against the interests of Prusia. Austria succeeded long in keeping about peoples whom the ties of blood and country might well have kept together, and it was not until the close of the war with Austria of 1866 that Bismarck was able to tell a deputation of Holsteiners, "We have always belonged to each other as Germans. We have ever been brothers, but we were unconscious of the fact. Now, at length, we are able to recognize, vividly and with joy, our common German descent and solidarity." That solidarity was brought about by means of the perfect military organization of Prussia, which enabled her statesmen to break the power of Austria in the year 1866 and thus remove a mighty disintegrating force from the field of German politics, and four years later, to break the power of France, the overbearing aggressiveness of which only succeeded in bringing together all the German principalities, in a way they had never united before, to oppose the French army.

BIRTH AND EARLY YEARS.

Frederic William Lewis, the first German Emperor and seventh King of Prussia, was born on the 22nd March, 1797. He was the son of Frederick William III. and of the beautiful and accomplished Princess Louise Mecklenburg-Strelitz. Those who have seen the tall and stately form of the Emperor in his m[ajesty] may be interested to know that in his infan[cy] was very delicate and feeble, that he was frequently ailing for the first five years of his life, s[o] his mother had almost despaired of rearing him. But as he grew up he developed great energy and vigour both of mind and body, and his physical dimensions and powers eventually became the subject of universal remark. He began to receive his military education from an early age, and studied the science of war under a general who was an ardent advocate of compulsory service as an essential condition of the system of national defence. Prince William afterwards, as a member of an Army Reorganization Commission, energetically supported the adoption of this principle in the Prussian army. He devoted himself with great fervour to his military studies, which were interrupted for a time by the death, in the year 1810, of Queen Louisa, which grievously affected him. He loved his mother dearly who, in a letter written to her on the occasion of Prince William's eleventh birthday, gave a very appropriate description of her son's character when she said that he would turn out "simple, honest, and intelligent." He prosecuted his military studies for some years with great zeal, and having nobly won his spurs by his gallantry in the campaign of 1814 against the French, he was promoted on his attaining his majority to the rank of Colonel, and was also honoured with a seat in the Privy Council. In June, 1817, he accompanied his sister Charlotte, who had just been betrothed to the Czarewitch Nicholas, "the handsomest man in Europe," to St. Petersburg, where he held the crown over her head, according to Russian custom, during the marriage ceremony. On his return to Berlin, he was made a Major-General. In June, 1829, he married Princess Maria Louisa Augusta Catharine of Saxe-Weimar, who was selected for the Prince by his father as being the most beautiful, pious, and accomplished among the Royal Princesses of her time.

A REFUGEE IN ENGLAND.

In the year 1848, when a wave of revolution passed over the whole of Europe, Prince William had to take refuge in England against the wrath of the populace. He was regarded by the democrats with loathing "as a concretion of order, duty, and discipline." The infuriated mob of Berlin broke his windows and attempted more than once to storm his house, and they grew by degrees so dangerous that the Prince's brother, who was at that time the occupant of the throne of Prussia, requested the object of their unmerited malice and hatred to take asylum in England until the storm had blown over. The Prince was very warmly received by English society. The Duke of Wellington, having arrayed himself in the full uniform of a Prussian General, called upon his Royal Highness at the Prussian Mission, and Lord Palmerston gave a splendid reception in his honour. He was travelling through Scotland and the Lake country, when he was recalled home by his Royal brother.

RETURNING TO HIS FATHERLAND.

On his return an address of welcome was presented to him by the authorities at Wesel, and in replying to the address the Prince said very truly:—"It is painful to be misunderstood. A clear conscience alone has enabled me to live through what has recently befallen me, and with a clear conscience I return to my fatherland. Justice, order, and law must govern, not anarchy. Against this last I will strive with my whole might. That is my calling in life." Shortly after, speaking in the House of Representatives, he declared his readiness to devote his powers honestly to the maintenance of a Constitutional Government, since the King had thought fit to adopt that form of Government. The King's will was sacred to him, and he concluded with the hope that the old Prussian mottoe would continue to guide the Legislature—"With God, for King and Fatherland." In 1854 was celebrated the silver wedding of the Prince, and in the same year he sanctioned the betrothal of his only son, the present Crown Prince, with the Princess Royal of England.

REGENT OF PRUSSIA.

In 1857 the King was incapacitated by softening of the brain from attending to State affairs, and his illness showing no signs of amelioration, Prince William was made Regent of Prussia in the following year. He acted as Regent for three years before the death of his brother called him to the throne. During his Regency he carried into execution, in spite of persistent opposition by the Legislative body, several army reforms, which laid the foundation of that military organization, which came to such perfection under Count von Moltke. By his unwearied efforts, he succeeded in awakening a martial spirit in his race, and went on adding to the strength of Prussia with the one grand object of making her voice supreme over united Germany and her influence felt in the Councils of Europe.

CROWNED AS KING.

The coronation ceremony was performed on the 18th Oct., and the event derives particular significance from the fact that no such ceremony had been performed, from considerations of economy, for 160 years in Prussia. Frederic William, an assertor of the right divine of kings, was, however, determined to impress upon the imagination of the people, by means of an imposing pageant, the importance of the exalted position which he was called upon by God's will to occupy in his country, and the almost unlimited powers which were associated with kingship. Assuming the reins of Government, the King called upon Bismarck to form a new Cabinet, and to carry out the programme of the reconstruction of the German Federation and the strengthening of the offensive and defensive forces of Prussia. Ever since the time when Bismarck was called away from his embassy in Paris, he has guided and controlled the affairs of the State, and has led it up to the highest pinnacle of glory and greatness. In his army reforms, the King and his minister met with stout opposition from the Dibt, which refused again and again to adopt any of the estimates laid before it by the Cabinet, and would not hear of any further strengthening of the army. The Assembly was violently excited against the Government. But the King, profoundly convinced of the rectitude of his views, dissolved the Diet, and the year ended dismally enough for the venerable monarch, with the prospect of a war with Austria.

THE WAR WITH AUSTRIA.

The Prussian *Annus Mirabiles*, 1866, was still young, when it became evident to the King that Austria meant to fight for supremacy in Germany; and he lost no time in taking measures to ensure success to the national arms in the approaching struggle. In the last week of March eight of the principal fortresses were armed, the reserves of three corps were called in, and the artillery was strongly reinforced. From the moment at which the King made up his mind to the inevitability of the war until the end of the campaign he displayed an energy and activity in the transaction of his business as Commander-in-Chief, which might have been equalled, but certainly has never been, surpassed.

As negotiation after negotiation with the smaller German States was broken off, and the King one day found himself alone (with the exception of the Mecklenburgs) against Austria and the whole of Germany, he exclaimed to his council assembled under his presidency in the palace, "Well, then! as they are really against me, I will put myself at the head of my army, and perish, if it must be so, rather than give way upon this vital question." His pain and grief at seeing himself abandoned by old friends and near relatives—forsaken for a cause which he deeply felt to be an unjust one and fraught, if successful, with unspeakable ills for Germany—were extremely keen. He was particularly hurt and disappointed by the behaviour of the King of Hanover; and his son-in-law's defection, though rendered almost unavoidable by Baden's geographical position, wounded him poignantly. Having all this mental distress to bear up against, and being in his seventieth year, King William, notwithstanding, never broke down for an hour, nor relaxed the strictness with which he performed his manifold duties.

AUSTRIAN VAINGLORY.

While the King had launched into the war in alliance with Italy, with a full consciousness of the responsibility which was attached to it, Austria felt, as France did four years later, infinite contempt for her opponent, and was convinced that there would be no difficulty whatever in compelling Prussia to submit to humiliating terms. In his proclamation issued "to his peoples" on the eve of the struggle in which the Emperor of Austria had entered with a light heart, he said, "My heart beats high at the prospect of my gallant and well appointed army,—the bulwark against which the force of the enemies of Austria will be broken, and of my faithful peoples, who are full of loyal confidence and devotion." But in boasting and vainglory, the Emperor was far excelled by Benedek, the Commander-in-Chief of his army. In a proud manifesto which he sent forth, the General told his troops that they were soon to march victorius on the enemy's soil, and with special reference to the Prussian needle gun, which was to make such havoc during the war, the General said: "The enemy have for sometime vaunted the excellence of their fire-arms. But, soldiers, I do not think they will be of much avail to them. We will give them no time for fire-arms, but attack them with the bayonet and with cross muskets."

SADOWA.

Victories followed in quick succession for the Prussian arms at Nachod and Skalitz, at both places the Crown Prince distinguishing himself by his conspicuous valour. The effect of these successes upon the Austrians can best be judged by the impression they made upon their general Benedek, the author of that proud manifesto, who telegraphed to the Emperor at Vienna, "Sire, you must make peace." But yet another blow was to be struck before the Austrians submitted to humiliating terms of peace. That was the famous battle of Sadowa, in which the Austrian troops were completely defeated, although not until they had offered a most heroic resistance.

THE KING'S COURAGE IN THE FIELD.

In one of the battles the King under a heavy shell-fire and in the thick of a cavalry combat, and the perils he was braving were so imminent that Major von Bismarck of the 7th (Landwehr) Cuirassiers, who was riding in the King's Staff, cantered up to him and, saluting, exclaimed, "Sire, as a Major in the army I have no business to give your Majesty any advice upon a field of battle; but as Minister-President it is my duty to entreat you not to expose yourself in this manner to danger. All the answer the King made was, "Whither would you have me ride on a field of battle, to get out of the way of the shells whilst my troops are under fire?" with which heroic reply the great statesman was obliged to content himself. The nobility of the King's nature manifested itself in a thousand ways during the campaign. His kindness towards the prisoners made by his troops, his affectionate attention to the wounded, the simplicity of his habits, and the heartiness with which he took the rough with the smooth (at Koniggratz he was nine hours in the saddle without any nourishment save a dry crust and the rinsings of a field-flask), all these and other of his amiable characteristics are, and will be for many a year, household words in Prussia. The war resulted in Prussia becoming the head of the North German Federation with power to control the foreign policy of the State.

THE FRANCO-GERMAN WAR.

But the unification of the whole of Germany—the North and South—was not yet complete. Bavaria, Hanover and other small States had fought by the side of Austria against their Teuton brethren. So complete was the union of the whole of Germany at the breaking out of the war with France that these same Bavarian troops distinguished themselves as much as the King's own men in the battles which they won against France. This war was simply brought on by the wanton aggressiveness of France. We need not follow the details of this sanguinary struggle, as they are still fresh in everybody's mind. An unbroken succession of victories, the fall of Metz and Strasberg, the surrender of Napoleon brought the victorious army at the gates of Paris. Nothing could check the progress of the well-drilled German soldiers guided among other Generals by the Crown Prince, Prince Frederick Charles, who in their turn carried out the orders dictated by the greatest strategist of the age, Count von Moltke. France had to submit to an unconditional surrender and the war resulted in a tremendous increase in the power and influence of Germany. The great business of the King's life was completed when France surrendered to him, Germany's chosen Kaiser, at discretion. He had fulfilled his self-appointed task to its utmost limit, in spite of the two greatest continental military powers. He had vanquished Austria, crushed France, raised Prussia to the highest European rank, and freed Germany from the divisions that had undermined her strength from time immemorial; all this within a period of seven years. It would be difficult to find in history a parallel series of equally important achievements carried out in as short a space of time.

PROCLAIMED EMPEROR OF GERMANY.

The King was proclaimed Emperor at Versailles, in the famous Hall of Mirrors, and on his return to Berlin, he and his son were greeted with the most enthusiastic manifestations of joy by his subjects.

The son and father who had been united in so many glorious campaigns against the foes of the Fatherland are now parted for ever. The Emperor is dead: his time was come, and the Crown Prince is stricken down by a terrible disease which, we are told, must end fatally before long. "The paths of glory lead but to the grave!"

A WINTER IN LONDON.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, FEB. 16.

There is a distressing uncertainty about most things in this world. Life is uncertain, we are used to hear, and we recognize the fact occasionally for ourselves, as we see an acquaintance drop out of our circle, a friend disappear from his habitual seat. The times are uncertain, we are also told; rents are an uncertain quantity; tithes, to the anxious mind of the family-harassed rector, are a something not to be too surely calculated on; bonds and shares are uncertain; race horses and racing men are not to be trusted; members of Parliament will preach one doctrine and practise another; trains in wintry weather, also have a share in the general distrust; friends, relatives, even lovers who make appointments in the agony column of the daily papers, railway porters, cabmen, newsboys, all are uncertain, all are liable to fail. But out of the long list not one can compete in unreliableness with our English climate, which, in fact, is so utterly and ridiculously uncertain that we may almost depend on its doing the contrary to what is expected of it in the regular course. In January, instead of snow and frost, which we would have taken amiably then as our due, we had soft springlike weather that tempted the confiding little leaf buds to push out, and drove the sparrows half wild with delight at the thought of sunshiny skies and waving leafy boughs.

* * *

Now, when it ought to be raining ferociously in order to make up for arrears in the water bill of the season, when it ought to be filling our reservoirs and saving us from water-famine in the future, it blows a keen north-easter and sends us samples of snowstorms, not sufficient to cover the ground decently, but just to spot it in patches of staring white on the grimy black of our city gardens, with here and there a diffused mixture of snow and smut, a monstrous irregular shepherd's plaid pattern spread over the whole of London.

* * *

Like the leaf buds we were throwing off our outer sheath or husks, our furs and wintry wraps, and like the sparrows we began to think of the glory even of London sunshine and the beauty of the young fresh green of London trees; but we have to wrap ourselves up again and put away foolish dreams of turning London into Elysian fields in our cockney acceptation of such delights.

* * *

After such a disappointment it is one comfort to our cockney hearts, or at least to such of us as wilfully-nilly have cockney bodies that may not take train for the Riviera, for Florence, or for Nice when the wind blows cold, that our letters bring us news of equal faithlessness of climate in those usually more favoured places. Florence, they say, is a little Siberia. Nice shows a tendency to adopt the manners and customs of the North Pole, and the Riviera, though always charming, has shaken peoples' faith in its steadiness of general conduct. So we make up our minds that, if we must perish of cold, it is pleasanter to do so at our own English firesides; if we must be buried, at least, we shall reserve for ourselves the privilege of dying first, and shall not be hustled into a great impromptu grave with a lot of foreigners and Cook's tourists and people we know absolutely nothing about.

* * *

There is another comfort for cockney hearts that have to beat in cockney bodies, in the fact that they have a world of variety around them that dwellers in Nice and Mentone may not at all go fully enjoy. When we are tired of our own life we can go to the theatres and take part in another. We can see how other people are trying to make themselves happy or miserable, and what success or what mull they are making of the priceless boon of life, which is only valued truly when it is nearest to being snatched irrevocably away.

* * *

Last week we went to the Opera Comique to see Mrs. Bernard Beere in Mrs. Campbell Praed's play, *Ariane*; to see Mrs. Bernard Beere, her new dresses firstly, and to see them play their part, secondly for what would it be the play be without the dresses; derive much in truth; a pretty woman always, like Carlyle's Teufelsdrock, "benefits unspeakable from clothes." Carlyle might say of her as of the watery, pulpy, slobbery fresh-hatched and new-comer in this planet, what thou been without thy blankets and bibs, and other nameless hulls? A terror to thy self and mankind! Well, scarcely a terror, Carlyle, that is too strong a word for Mrs. Bernard Beere, but not the success that she is at present as, draped by cunning Parisian fingers, she majestically sweeps the stage, or poses on a low fauteuil letting her garments fall in folds that enchant the artistic eye with their richness of form and colour. One dress was a rather daring combination in rich poplin of pinky orange and succeeded greyish green. The petticoat, which just touched the ground all round, was of the orange, with a rich deep grey green embroidery on the front breadth, and the bodice, which was V shaped, and softened with a scarf of grey green crape, was made in folds showing orange in front and sleeves. The train came in rich straight folds from the waist, and at one side there was a falling drapery of green, which in the other side was replaced by a knotted scarf. A bunch of mixed golden and brown wall-flowers at the waist and a posy of wall-flowers tied with bunches of ribbon repeated the colours of the dress, and gave it a pretty finish. A simpler dress more in the tea-gown fashion was of soft white material, with the front and sleeves made of narrow lace flounces. A narrow reverse of daffodil yellow velvet silk at each side of the front was continued over the shoulders and met in a V shape at the waist behind, from which the train spread out in long flowing lines. Ariane's bridal costume for her second marriage was in spite of the decrees against white garments for a widow of Providence, a falling, the specially manufactured article of the divorce court, was of dull white, beautifully draped, with full sleeves and high throat, and a train that was so exceedingly long that in the gyrations of the unhappy Ariane, when in her first husband came upon the scene unexpectedly, it twisted itself into a rich rope and almost brought its owner to grief.

* * *

The other lady actors in the play had as fine dresses as etiquette and Mrs. Bernard Beere would permit. One fine looking woman, whose name shall be nameless, had unfortunately used up all her material in drapery and train, so there was only a miserable, unbecoming remnant left for the bodice, which she did not remember to supplement with lace, or beads, or feathers, or flowers, or any of those little aids to beauty to which even the savage races have recourse when they wish to charm their fellows. Of the play, I cannot say very much in the face of its being very naughty, very unhappy, and very long. It runs easily, however, and the dialogue is smart and the situations dramatic.

* * *

M. Marius is clever as usual in his impersonation, and the other actors are fairly up to their parts. Unfortunately, the wicked husband is so much a finer, pleasanter man than his rival, the wicked but somewhat honourable lover, that one's sympathies go out entirely to him and one feels double the interest in him, unfortunate, intemperate, brutal, as he is, than in the sneaking looking fellow who eventually robs him of his husband's place.

* * *

Who could take an interest in the love-making of a man whose hunting suit was a miserable misfit? I daresay, it was the man who was a misfit for the clothes, for this hero did not look as if he had seen much more of the hunting field than may be gathered from the clever photographs of fox-hunting that are usually on view in Bond Street windows, but whatever it was, it spoiled my pleasure in him, and I was glad to have his meanness discovered and his hopes shattered in the end.

* * *

In this play Mrs. Bernard Beere is accidentally killed by her first husband in the presence of her second—a splendid arrangement, for there was positively nothing else to be done with her blighted life, and one felt that it was a blessing to have her put out of pain like a wounded cat or a delicate puppy.

* * *

She dies ever mindful of effect, making a graceful composition of drapery, conveniently placed, so that the ruddy firelight throws a flickering light on her pallid face. A pistol shot from the garden tells the fate of husband No. 1, but No. 2 and his accomplice and his father-in-law, the chevalier, are only extinguished in the usual way by the fall of the curtain.

* * *

In spite of its naughtiness, its horrors, and its length, Mrs. Bernard Beere makes the play interesting with her sympathetic acting and her beauty and her undeniable grace.

* * *

Mr. Howell's book, "April Hopes," is, like some of his others, rather slow, but pleasant reading, with an occasional spark of sarcasm, or wit, or smartness, to brighten it. Here is what he says of a lady, an American lady of course—I do not suppose he would dare to write such slander of an English woman even if he believed it. "But with her, at the theatre, all it came to saying some friendly or civil thing, no matter what her impression was; she exclaimed, 'Oh! how cosy!' and glad of the word, she went about from one to another, asking, 'Isn't this cosy?'

* * *

There is no doubt that there is a great deal of such friendly talk carried on in English society, as well as American talk, that has scarcely a savour of truth to make it palatable, and yet it goes down. "Dear Mrs. So-and-So," we write to our very dear friend, "I should be delighted to accept your invitation for the 19th, but unfortunately (doubly underlined) I have another engagement." And all the time we are writing these friendly lying words, the still small voice of conscience is piping out "you do not feel unfortunate at having another engagement, and you are delighted at having an easy excuse for declining," but the voice of society is louder and more imperative, and so we go telling taradiddles *ad infinitum*, until they become easier to us than the truth.

* * *

After all, I suppose, this is only another of those speeches that are expected of us as greeting or apology, like "How do you do?" which means nothing at all, for certainly nobody waits to be told one's state of health after the regulation question. There is another inane phrase that was always a perplexity to me when I was a child, because it meant absolutely nothing, viz., the fashion of replying to "I beg pardon" by saying "not at all." To my young mind this answer was a rude contradiction, and I could not understand its use by people whom I knew meant politely. Of late, I am more exercised by the funny habitual turns people give to their ordinary phrases. Talking of the arrival of a new baby in a family a lady said to me "She had a boy or a girl or something of the sort;" and a gentleman speaking of a friend's encumbrances said "He had a sister and a mother and all that sort of thing," whether "all that sort of thing" meant brothers or aunts I did not hear, as I was chuckling over this complimentary allusion to his family and let slip the moment for enquiry.

* * *

From a critique in the *Literary World*, I shall quote a little paragraph for your amusement. It is from a review on a poem of Sarah Knowles Bolton's, which is evidently not highly appreciated. "For downright sentimental nonsense, however, and for marvellous mixture of ideas, the verses that follow must bear away the palm. It takes more than one reading before the hopeless inanity of the poem "Blinded" is fully realized.

"She lay like a rose leaf on his cup,
He scarcely knew she was there at all,
Until, like the leaves of early fall,
For their precious hue, she was gathered up.

"He knew too late that the flower was gone;
No fragrance left in the cup for him;
Alas! that he did not clasp the brim
With tender hands, in the early dawn

"Of love and save to himself the leaf.
To own is often to lose the prize;
We stumble along with blinded eyes,
And wake to fosses and bitter grief."

So much for the poetry of Mrs. Bolton. She has written biographical sketches and been successful in that line of literature, I believe, so I would commend her to read again, if she has read and forgotten, Artemus Ward on Forts and his story of his Playing Horses, and perhaps she may realize with him that most people have a fort, and that writing poetry is no more her fort than playing canal horses was his.

M. B. DEGREE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—As one of the joint secretaries of the committee appointed by the students of the Grant Medical College to take measures to have the present designation of the medical degree changed from L.M. and S. to M.B., I deem it my duty to lay before the public the following facts, believing that they will support the arguments advanced by Dr. N. A. Kanuck in yours of the 8th instant, as well as enable the members of the Senate to know the views of the students who are directly concerned in this matter. Shortly after the receipt of the answer to our petition to the Senate, a medical fellow proposed to the students that, provided they agreed to accept M.B. with F.R., he would take up their cause. This proposal was duly laid before the general body of the students, and after careful deliberation at three well attended meetings, held at an interval of one week from each other, it was resolved, with three dissentients, that the students would rather keep the present designation than have M.B. with F.R.

The public will thus see that the recent recommendation of the Medical Faculty is anything but what the students want, and that if this recommendation unfortunately succeeds in becoming law it will be like cramming down the throats of poor students a nostrum calculated more to smother than to help them.—Yours, &c.,

MANEKJEE D. CAMA,
L.M. and S.

March 9.

APPROACHING MARRIAGE OF COMMISSIONER TUCKER.

We are informed that Commissioner Tucker, who lately proceeded to England, is engaged to be married to Miss Booth, the second daughter of General Booth. The wedding into take place at the Clapton Congress Hall, in London, on the 16th of next month. It is expected that 7,000 people will be present on the occasion.

PASSENGERS BY THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAMER.

The following is the list of passengers who arrived yesterday morning by the Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's s.s. Poseidon, Capt. S. Mersa:—From Trieste.—Mr. and Mrs. Grenside, Colonel Reynold, Captain Melville, and Mr. Sen. From Brindisi:—Mrs. and Miss Massy and Surgeon R. T. Baker. From Aden.—Mr. and Mrs. Rocicod, Lieut. G. R. C. Westropp, with two servants and 27 deck.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Mar. 10.—Ahmedabad Horse Show.	
"	Annual Volunteer Tournament.
"	Meerut Spring Meeting.
"	Public Meeting and Examination of pupils of the Institution for Deaf Mutes, at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute at 4-30 p.m. T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught will be present.
" 12.—Yacht Club Dance.	
"	Annual Volunteer Tournament.
" 13.—Gohelwar Horse Show, Second Day of Tournament.	
" 14.—Town Council Meeting, 3 p.m.	
"	Gohelwar Horse Show, Second Day.
"	Distribution of prizes to Volunteers by Countess of Dufferin.
" 15.—Gohelwar Horse Show, Second Day.	
" 16.—Departure of M. S. Thames.	
" 17.—St. Patrick's Day.	
"	Solemn High Mass and Sermon by his Grace the Archbishop of Bombay, Fort Chapel, 7-30 a.m.
"	Children's Fete, Ladies' Gymkhana.
" 19.—Ladies' Dinner at Yacht Club.	
" 20.—Umballa Spring Races.	
" 21.—Jamshedi Naoroz Holiday.	
"	Town Council Meeting, 3 p.m.
"	Umballa Spring Races.
" 23.—Departure of M. S. Bengal.	
"	7th Dragoon Guards arrive at Umballa.
" 24.—Oxford and Cambridge Boat Race.	
"	Government of India Offices leave Calcutta.
"	Umballa Spring Races.
" 28.—Town Council Meeting, 3 p.m.	
" 30.—Good Friday.	
"	Departure of M. S. Pekin.
"	Guzerat Pig-sticking Meeting.
Apl. 1.—Easter Sunday.	
" 2.—Yacht Club Dance.	
"	Bank Holiday.
" 3.—Lahore Spring Races.	
" 4.—Town Council Meeting, 3 p.m.	
" 5.—Lahore Spring Races.	
" 6.—Departure of M. S. Clyde.	
" 7.—Lahore Spring Races.	
" 9.—Ladies' Dinner, Yacht Club.	
"	Government of India Offices re-open at Simla.
" 10.—Dehra Spring Races.	
" 11.—Town Council Meeting, 3 p.m.	
" 12.—Dehra Spring Races.	
" 13.—Departure of M. S. Rosetta.	
" 18.—Town Council Meeting, 3 p.m.	
" 20.—Departure of M. S. Ganges.	
" 25.—Karachi Spring Meeting.	
" 28.—Karachi Spring Meeting.	
May 9.—Quetta Spring Meeting.	
" 12.—Quetta Spring Meeting.	
Sept. 20.—Poona Races.	
" 22.—Poona Races.	
" 25.—Poona Races.	
" 27.—Poona Races.	
" 29.—Poona Races.	

In the police raid case at Delhi, reported in October last, the Chief Court of the Punjab on appeal have upheld the conviction of the Lower Court, but have reduced Skillings' sentence from three months' to three weeks' rigorous imprisonment; the sentence of a fine of Rs. 50, with the alternative of imprisonment of six weeks, being allowed to stand. In thus reducing the sentence, the judges have taken into consideration the fact that accused has already undergone more than three weeks' rigorous imprisonment, that he was in confinement from the 14th October to the 1st December, and that he has been dismissed from the Police Department.

A committee, presided over by the Governor-General of Goa, has been appointed to organise a polytechnical School and a manufacturing "The Instituto Profissional" with the object of training youths as conductors and surveyors for the Public Works Department and for employment in the Naval and Military service. The committee is also empowered to improve the standard of medical education by introducing scientific subjects and bringing its status of the students to a higher level.

MARRIAGE FESTIVITIES AT SIR MUNGULDAS NATHOOBHOY'S.

On Thursday last, "Girgaum House," the residence of Sir Munguldas Nathoobhoy, Kt., C.S.I., presented a spectacle of unusual splendour in connection with the celebration of the marriage of Sir Munguldas's granddaughter, the daughter of his eldest son, Mr. Tribhowundas Munguldas Nathoobhoy. Festivities in connection with a marriage in a wealthy Hindu family generally extend over several days; but owing to the state of his health, and under medical advice, Sir Munguldas had reluctantly to contract their duration; and an evening party in connection with the marriage was therefore given on the same day as the celebration of the marriage itself. The utmost efforts appeared to have been made to render the marriage festivities as grand and as successful as taste and money could make them; and that they were crowned with success was evidenced by the large, representative, and influential assemblage of guests, and by the magnificent spectacle that was prepared for them. Among the guests were their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, his Excellency the Governor of Bombay and Lady Reay, Sir Howard and Lady Elphinstone, and representative members of the different classes and sections of the European and native communities of the city, showing that Sir Munguldas, even in his retirement

would occasionally happen that a person who was obviously and clearly disqualified might be nominated, and if no power were given to the Commissioner to refuse the nomination, the election proceedings would have to be carried on, and the returns of the election would have to be made in due course, the results declared, and finally an election petition would have to be tried through the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court to set aside the election on account of the invalid nomination which might have been set aside in the first instance by the Commissioner. Of course, it would be very convenient if we could have a tribunal to determine once for all whether each of the nominations is valid. This would occupy a considerable amount of time, and necessitate taking a good deal of evidence and prove unsatisfactory in the end. Therefore, we inserted the clause.

The Hon. Advocate-General: The word notorious alters the whole section.

The Hon. R. West: That is what Mr. Mehta has stated. Why not substitute the word "patently," which means obviously, or without any room for reasonable dispute.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: Well, I do not see why the word should not be taken out; or let it be "good grounds."

The Hon. R. West: It should be something clear. But if you simply strike out "notoriously," the result will not be very good.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: A hasty subordinate might give the Commissioner some information, which would cause him to strike out the name of the candidate, and the result might be to upset the whole election.

The Hon. F. Forbes Adam: Would it not do to say "after due enquiries"?

The Hon. Advocate-General: A great deal would depend on the good sense of the Commissioner. If he had good sense, he would accept anything without having satisfied himself as to the information being reliable. I don't see any objection to expunging the word.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: Well take out "notoriously" and withdraw the amendment.

The word "notoriously" was accordingly expunged, and the amendment withdrawn.

THE NEWSPAPERS.

The Hon. K. T. Telang moved an amendment to clause 37, page 23, as to the nominations being published in the local newspapers, remarking that the term "local newspapers" might be interpreted to mean the whole of them.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor rose to a point of order, urging that due notice had not been given.

H. E. the President: These amendments were not introduced two clear days before this discussion, but I understand that as they reached the hon. member himself rather late his excuse is that, and he is moving them by proxy. I trust that the mover of the Bill, who shows such a complete mastery of its contents, will not insist on the objection he had a right to raise, and that he will allow the honourable member to proceed, as I am informed that and that he will take care to put them into proper form.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: If the hon. member will undertake before next meeting on this Bill that they shall be sent into the Secretary in time to be printed, I agree.

The Hon. K. T. Telang: That depends when the next meeting may be held.

H. E. the President: We are not likely to exhaust the whole matter at our next meeting, which will be on Saturday, and the hon. member can easily have the necessary amendments ready for that day.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: Then I waive the objection.

The Hon. K. T. Telang: The amendment is a very important one, but it only necessitates the removal of the article "the" at the end of clause 2 of section 28.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: This is one of those matters to which I take objection, because had the hon. member looked into this matter himself, he would have found it unnecessary. There is a section explaining this—section 484.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: Yes, it is a matter which was brought before the Select Committee.

The Hon. K. T. Telang: Yes, I see that is quite satisfactory.

The amendment was thereupon withdrawn.

VACANCIES.

The Hon P. M. Mehta moved an amendment that in section 36, lines 16 and 17, the words "within fifteen days" be substituted for the words "as soon as conveniently may be" (appointments of Councillors). The hon. gentleman said: That the vacancies should be filled up within a reasonable time is important, and it would be better were some specific time provided for.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: I doubt the necessity for limitation; but I have no objection whatever to the amendment.

The Hon. R. West: Some quibbler after the election might raise an objection, that a candidate had been nominated 15 days, and that the nomination therefore invalid. I don't think the quibbler's objection would admitted by the High Court. But difficulties might arise. Government when acting always to fill up a vacancy might not be able to do it promptly. There would be a great many cases in which the specified could not be strictly complied with.

H. E. The President: I have some experience of the subject. It is not always the fault of [illegible] that a vacancy is not filled up quite so [illegible] shall be have to [illegible]

[illegible] those who [illegible] representation, [illegible] gentleman is invited to serve on [illegible] and for some reason or other he refuses, [illegible] his refusal by return of post there is [illegible] difficulty—we should at once issue another [illegible] to this fresh invitation we do not always [illegible] early reply. The condition which the [illegible] imposes would not be practicable. I [illegible] agree that it would not be wise to limit the [illegible]

The Hon P. M. Mehta: Then I do not press the [illegible] was accordingly withdrawn.

MEETINGS OF THE CORPORATION.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta moved an amendment to section (c) that instead of "five ordinary meetings in official year, viz., in the months of April, July, ber, January and March" there shall be one [illegible] meeting each month.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor had no objection to the [illegible] endment, which was accordingly agreed upon.

NOTICE OF MEETINGS.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta moved that in section [illegible] (b), (b), (m) and (n) the following words [illegible] ring reference to meetings of the Council be called requisitions of urgency be omitted, viz., (1) in [illegible] (lines 102-110, the words from "but in cases [illegible] urgency" down to "practicable" (2) in cl. 1, [illegible] es 127 and 128, the word, "other than a meeting [illegible] alled on a requisition of urgency."

The Hon. J. R. Naylor had no objection, and the [illegible] mendment was agreed upon.

URGENT BUSINESS.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta moved that in sec. 37, cl [illegible] (m), the following words, having reference to the power of the Standing Committee or Commissioner to bring forward urgent business at a meeting without notice be omitted, viz., (1) in lines 148 to 152, the words which are printed in italics; (2) in lines 156 to 162, the words "or which is not," &c., to the end of the clause. The hon. gentleman said: This is a matter of great importance, and one to which I alluded in my remarks on the second reading. I do not think anyone, not even the hon. mover himself, can site any instance in which it is necessary or desirable for urgent business to be sprung upon a meeting without notice. It would lead to the hasty discharge of business, and matters might be called up for disposal in the absence of a sufficient number of gentlemen acquainted with respective merits, and I don't think such power should be given to the Corporation or the Council.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: Your Excellency,—This is one of the provisions which have been inserted with a view to facilitate the disposal of business, and to enable the Corporation to cope with any contingency which may at any time occur. We have just passed an amendment proposed by Mr. Mehta, that ordinary meetings shall be held one in each calendar month, and it is possible under this provision there may not be a meeting for six or seven weeks. If during that time no urgent work should arise, it would be extremely inconvenient it should have to be put off until an ordinary meeting occurs. It would be much more practicable if, on the requisition of the Commissioner and four members of the Standing Committee, the president should call a special meeting for the disposal of such urgent business. I think the supposition that at a special meeting matters would be sprung in the absence of a sufficient number of members is one which this Council can scarcely entertain.

The Hon. Advocate-General: Considering the functions of the Council or Corporation, I cannot conceive a case arising which would necessitate the calling of a meeting with less than seven days' notice. As I find on reading the report of the Corporation that they dislike these urgency meetings, and as I find that such is the view of the representatives of the Corporation here, as well as other citizens whose views have been expressed by the Hon. Mr. Forbes Adam, I think it would be well to accept the amendment.

The Hon. R. West: Perhaps I may be allowed to suggest an other phase of the question. It may occur that a majority of the Standing Committee were opposed to the proposition to be brought forward—then their influence would counterbalance any attempt to hasty disposal of the business by those who were not so well acquainted with the subject introduced at such urgency meeting.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: In the opinion of some members the subject might be urgent, and in the opinion of others it might not. Without proper notice even this point could not be satisfactorily settled.

The Hon. R. West: Would it not be better to sub stitute three days for six.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: Very well, let it be three days.

The Hon. R. West: Mr. Naylor thinks two days sufficient.

The Hon. Advocate-General: Let the clause be amended so as to provide for three days' notice.

This was agreed to.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta then proposed that in clause (n) of section 37, lines 168 and 169, the words "at a meeting called on a requisition of urgency;" and in lines 189 and 190 the words "to the business for which the urgent meeting was called or," and, in line 171, the words "as the case may be." The hon. gentleman remarked: To this clause I have greater objection than to the other.

The Hon. Advocate-General: It seems to follow the other as a corollary.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: The motion, which has just been carried, as regards clause "n," appears to me to govern this. Urgent business which requires disposal not infrequently occurs after a meeting is called and before the next takes place. On this, I trust, that the motion will not be accepted.

The Hon. R. West: It has been agreed that urgency meetings shall be called at three days' notice, and this clause merely requires amendment to meet that.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: Then the amendment I propose to (n) will drop.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta then proposed that in sec. 37, cl (m), the following words, having reference to the power of the Standing Committee or Commissioner to bring forward urgent business at a meeting, without notice, be omitted, viz., (1) in lines 148 to 152, the words which are printed in italics; (2) in lines 156 to 162, the words "or which is not," &c., to the end of the clause. The hon. member merely remarked in submitting the amendment that he had already stated his objection to it.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: It seems to me of greater practical utility than the last. It may often happen that the Standing Committee is to meet on the same day as the meeting of the Corporation takes place, and some urgent business may then arise which the Standing Committee may think necessary to bring immediately before the Corporation. If the honourable member's amendment is not accepted by the Council, as I trust it will not be, I shall then propose motion No. 1, which stands in my name, which will have the effect of preventing any such thing happening. As has been suggested, it may be that business, which is said to be urgent but which is not really so, may be kept in hand and brought forward when convenient or likely to be accepted without opposition. Of course, I have a better opinion of human nature than to suppose that would be done, but at any rate the proposal which I shall make will be that no such urgent business should be brought forward unless two-thirds of the members present at the time assent to it being brought forward.

The Hon. Advocate-General: Mr. Naylor and myself propose amendments having reference to this subject. Mr. Naylor proposes two-thirds and I propose three-quarters. I think this shows there is some reason for making a provision of the kind. Perhaps, Mr. Mehta will make it agree with one of his amendments.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: It strikes me that the provision that three days' notice shall be given before urgent business may be brought before the Corporation will ensure the attendance of a sufficient number of members.

The Hon. R. West: I think that though perhaps it may occur that although a majority of the members present at an urgency meeting may not have that amount of special knowledge which the subject requires yet the Corporation, being composed of high-minded men full of civic patriotism, will not be devoid of common sense, and will know whether a subject is sprung upon them or not, and will be able to circumvent any attempt to hurry through the business. And whether you have 2 or 2-3 they must be credited, at least, with honest intentions.

The Hon. K. T. Telang: Without noticing you might have even three-quarters of the members present devoid of the special knowledge desirable.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: I have asked the Hon. Mr. Naylor to point out a case in which such provision for the disposal of urgent business would be necessary.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: Perhaps, it would be rather difficult to know where to make enquiries as to whether such cases have occurred, Mr. Ollivant being away and Mr. Charles comparatively new to the work. However, the Advocate-General's amendment can do no harm, and I beg the Council to accept his suggestion instead of mine.

The Hon. F. Forbes Adam: I think it is a very strong argument in favour of removing the clause altogether.

The Hon. Mr. Naylor: I withdraw my motion as to the two-thirds and take the Advocate-General's three-quarters instead.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: I attribute very great importance to this amendment. I put every reasonable confidence in the individual members of the Corporation, but after all it is but a miscellaneous body. It should not be put in a position which would and should enable them to push through any propose hastily or ill considered. President: I fear the [illegible] members [illegible] H. E. the [illegible] is a very awkward position. [illegible] ber places [illegible] quite prepared to trust the members [illegible] ernment [illegible] Corporation, whatever be the number of the C[illegible] present, and we are not prepared to [illegible] members that they will not steal a march on their believe [illegible] and, perhaps, better-informed colleagues. But [illegible] absent, [illegible] honourable member with his greater experience the ho[illegible] warning would, and the amendment reflects the raise [illegible] greatest credit upon him. I am therefore bound very [illegible] the hon. mover of the Bill whether he will dis[illegible] ard the fear of the hon. member. Government is [illegible] rgate prepared to give the power of that section to [illegible] members of the Corporation as may be [illegible] represented by three-fourths of twenty, trusting that they will not rush through important matters, and that they will only deal with urgent important [illegible] ters. It is an inherent right in every meeting to decide what business shall be taken subject to a quorum being present.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: I am the [illegible] to stand up for the wisdom and good sense of [illegible] body like the Corporation, but I must not be [illegible] to say that I take the Corporation to be an infallible body. As I said I have every confidence in individual members of the Corporation, they are at the same but a miscellaneous body, and may commit such blunders as I fear, if such power be placed in their hands.

The Hon. K. T. Telang: I may point out that the Corporation themselves object to this portion of the clause.

The Council then divided, Mr. Mehta's amendment being lost by six votes against three.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: Then I beg to propose formally that three-quarters be substituted for two-thirds.

This was agreed to.

THE COMMISSIONER.

The Hon. R. West proposed that in sec. 37, line [illegible], the following words be inserted after the word "councillor," viz., "and with the consent of a majority of the councillors present, ascertained by show of hands, without discussion, (the Commissioner may at any time make a statement or [illegible] on of facts." The hon. member said: The [illegible] which I have given notice of my amendment is [illegible] which go to the very centre of the consti[illegible] ples of this Bill, and is a matter of great [illegible] Corporation, the Commissioner and [illegible] Your Excellency has considered [illegible] portance to the [illegible] ly, and it has appeared to your Excellency at large [illegible] although on many occasions this matter very careful [illegible] missioner should have Excellency's [illegible] Council that [illegible] Corporation the it may be desirable [illegible] to the [illegible] There has been an opportunity of discussing [illegible] s statement read and existing state of [illegible] erroneous some illusory statement, or rather [illegible] half before them, by somebody in posse[illegible] corpo- truth relating to public matters concerning [illegible] ration, yet it appears undesirable on full consi[illegible] that he should have the right to interpose his vie[illegible] often as he pleases, even in correcting facts, but [illegible] considered it is quite safe to leave it to the discretio[illegible] of the Council itself, whether or not those facts shall [illegible] be stated. In constitutional countries, on the conti[illegible] nent especially, a minister in charge of any particular [illegible] line is adopted—the secretary, or, as we should name [illegible] him in England, Home Secretary, or the Foreign Secretary, may give information to Congress when invited to do so by the Congress itself. The Commissioner should have an opportunity of making any explanation of facts, though he should not be in a position to force his explanations upon the Corporation, which might come at the heat of the moment and plunge the body into discussions—sometimes rather warm discussions. There is this consideration, that if the Commissioner does get up and happens to run counter in any way to the general feeling of the Council on any point, although he has a right to speak, the members have an equal right not to listen, and they may exercise it. Thus instead of any good it may possibly lead to an increase of irritation between the two constituents that the Council represents—taking the Commissioner as representing the practical side and the members the theoretical side. He should, however, have an opportunity, with the assent of the Corporation, of laying statements of facts before them, and in many cases they will desire such statements; but on the other hand he should have no authority to force his opinions upon them under the false feeling of correction of fact. I take the opportunity of proposing this amendment which stands in my name. I understand after conference with Mr. Mehta that if this amendment is adopted his mind will be satisfied on the subject, and it will follow necessarily that clause (d) will have to be expunged.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: I am satisfied with the proposal made; my only hesitation is this, whether the amendment he proposes might not be left to the Corporation to be embodied in their own rules.

The Hon. R. West: This matter has been considered lately by me from the very point of view suggested by the hon. member. If in the Act you make no allowance for the Commissioner coming forward to speak in the Council, an objection might be made that you are going beyond the terms of the Act in allowing a stranger to speak. You may just as well make a rule that any one who keeps a shop in Rampart Row shall be permitted to speak.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: I am satisfied.

The Hon. R. West's amendment was then adopted and section (d) expunged.

"THE MAYOR."

The Hon. Advocate-General then proposed his amendment to clause 30 that the title "mayor" should be substituted for "president" throughout the Act. This question, he said, is also one about a name. As I have said, even in names it is best to choose the best one, and the substitution I propose of mayor instead of president is, I think, an acceptable one. There was a mayor of Bombay, but he was superseded by the recorder. Considering the importance of the city of Bombay, I suppose it only right when he is called upon to take his part, as Sir Henry Morland had to do, among mayors of English boroughs he should enjoy as great dignity as any one of them. In Scotland, of course, they retain the form of an old French word "provost" to describe their mayors, and in French the word "prefect" takes his place. Our mayor might even become lord mayor of Bombay, considering the relative importance of the city.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: The suggestion has come upon us with some surprise. It has not up to now been put forward by any one in Bombay. Of course, we might wish to see the head of the Municipality of Bombay enjoying all the dignity which properly appertains to any one in so high a position. But the designation is one which is not used in India and one which to strangers would prove misleading. Certain powers are enjoyed by the president of the Corporation, but he does not possess such powers as would properly belong to a mayor. The name would, in every sense, be misleading, and he is certainly much more properly designated president of the Corporation than mayor. Personally I shall vote against the change.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: I remember when your Lordship came out you anticipated this point by addressing the president of the Corporation as the mayor. (Laughter.)

The Hon. R. West: The designation would be inappropriate. The mover has himself furnished an instance that it is not necessary to call him either lord provost, which would be quite as well as lord mayor, or to give him any other designation. It strikes me that the learned Advocate-General's argument rather tells against himself.

The Hon. K. T. Telang: He would have to give various entertainments, which would make the office of mayor a very onerous honour indeed.

The amendment, being put to the vote, was lost.

CHAIRMAN OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE.

The Hon. Advocate-General next moved an amendment to section 44, cl. (1), which proposed to make the president chairman of the Standing Committee. The hon. gentleman said: My reason for proposing this amendment is that the Standing Committee are simply delegates of the Corporation, whose proper head is the head of the Corporation.

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: Looking at the proposal on its merits I should be inclined to think it will be more fitting for the Standing Committee to appoint their own chairman, that the president of the Corporation should continue to be what he always has been—speaker of the assembly, and I can see no advantage which could possibly arise from his being ex-officio chairman of the Standing Committee. It would be better for the president of the Corporation to have matters come to him without any previous knowledge as to what had gone on in the smaller committee.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: I attach great importance to the point mentioned by the Hon. Advocate-General, that the position should be emphasised as much as possible. But I am not quite clear as to whether the remedy he suggests is desirable or not. The functions and qualifications of the chairman of the Corporation and the Town Council are very different. We elect the chairman of the Corporation for very different functions from those required by the Town Council, therefore, we think it would be very desirable to leave the matter to the discretion of the members to elect whom they like.

The Hon. K. T. Telang: I take the same view in the matter. I think the practice which has obtained for some years is a very good one—that the chairman should not address the meetings except in order to put questions or to end up debates. I think this practice would be better continued.

The Hon. Advocate-General: As men of practical experience of the Corporation do not seem to think my amendment desirable, I ask leave to withdraw it.

DELEGATION OF POWERS.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta moved an amendment to section 42, cl. (1), with the object of debarring the Standing Committee from delegating their powers to sub-committees, and providing that sub-committees should only be appointed for enquiry into specific objects. The hon. member said: The Standing Committee is provided with very great power under the executive, and they should not be allowed to delegate any portion of it to a sub-committee which they may appoint. (Laughter.)

The Hon. J. R. Naylor: No amendment has taken me more by surprise than this. Clause (2) as it stands in the original Bill was passed through Select Committee without being in any way challenged. It is simply a reproduction of a section which is in the present Act, and has been in operation for the last sixteen years. Not only so, but it is a clause of such a nature which in every enactment of this description finds a place. It is always provided that a body may delegate any portion of its duties or power to a sub-committee with such instruction and such restrictions as it thinks fit to impose. All the Municipal boards in the provinces have this provision, and if I am not mistaken, it has been acted upon very largely. The Town Council have not yet, I believe, made use of it, although it has had the power, and when the first draft of this Bill was prepared it was proposed, as has already been stated to the Council, that the executive work of the Municipality should be carried on by sub-committees presided over by the Municipal Commissioner. That proposal was negatived by the Corporation, and has not been carried any further. It is necessary to carry out the multifarious duties by such sub-divisions of labour as this and the clause provides for it.

The Hon. P. M. Mehta: Up to the present moment this section, which is reproduced from the present Act, has been a dead-letter. So that when I went through the Act it never occurred to me that in reproducing it they were doing anything beyond what I was cognisant of during the sixteen years this Act has been in operation, not a single instance has occurred in which the Town Council has delegated its powers to a sub-committee; as to the mofussil Municipalities possessing the power, there is not the least analogy between the two; they are based on different constitutional principles. They are executive bodies. It may be advisable to insert such a clause in their Acts, but not in ours.

The Hon. K. T. Telang: I think it is well to remember that there is considerable financial power belonging to the Town Council, and I do not think it would do at all desirable to give up to a small committee the final power of deciding these financial matters. I shall vote against the amendment.

The Hon. R. West: I would suggest there is a way in which both views may be met. This section may be allowed to stand with the proviso that the sub-committee's decision be subject to any by-law which may be drafted by the Corporation. This would be flexible enough to meet any necessity. On the sub-committees you may have experts, whose opinions will be of great value, and if this by-law is drafted it would, I think, satisfy both parties.

The Hon. Advocate-General: Then we will reserve the point for the third reading. It is very probable the change may be made.

The Hon. R. West: Seeing what the general feeling here is, it may fairly be anticipated that the amendment will be carried. Mr. Naylor thinks the spirit of the section should be preserved.

The further consideration of the Bill was then adjourned till to-day at noon, and the Council proceeded with the other business of the day.

The Hon. Mr. Richey then introduced a Bill to amend the Sind Village Officers' Act, and a Bill to amend the Local Boards Act.

We hold over a report of the hon. member's remarks.

A SUIT AGAINST THE MUNICIPALITY.

At the High Court yesterday, a suit brought by Vasirbhoy Thavurbhoy against the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay, to recover the sum of Rs. 34,866 as compensation for damage caused by the defendant to the plaintiff's properties, situated at [illegible] oulla, was heard before the Hon. Mr. Justice [illegible] pt. Mr. Kemp and Mr. Jardine, instructed by [illegible] sers. Payne, Gilbert, and Bayani, appeared for the [illegible] intiff; and Mr. Inverarity and Mr. Haverland, instructed by Messrs. Crawford and Buckland, appeared for the defendants.

The facts of the plaintiff's case are these. He is the owner of eight dwelling houses situated at Byculla, on the Parel Road, on the west side about the [illegible] out of the north approach of the Byculla Overbridge. In the early part of 1885, when it was proposed to build a new Overbridge over the line of the G. I. P. Railway at Byculla, a plan of the proposed Overbridge, which is still among the Municipal records was prepared and sanctioned. Negotiations then took place between the plaintiff and the defendant in order to settle the compensation to be allowed, the former [illegible] ge which would be caused to his properties [illegible] the [illegible] of the road; and ultimately on the [illegible] 19th May, 18[illegible] agreement was arrived at and [illegible] reduced to writing. The plaintiff said that the line was laid down and [illegible] marked on the frontage of the properties; and that, [illegible] proach of the Overbridge as intended, the north [illegible] would have been about 830 [illegible] of 1 in 40; and only one [illegible] would have been materially [illegible] relatively small alterations only [illegible] required to fit his properties to the alte[illegible] road. The plan had, however, been de[illegible] and the north approach of the Overbrid[illegible] completed in a very different manner fro[illegible] intended at the date of the agreement [illegible] length of the north approach was now 1,2[illegible] gradients were different; and the road was raised [illegible] above the level previously [illegible] result of the alterations was disastrou[illegible] properties, and extensive rebuilding [illegible] diture would be required to make [illegible] habitation under the changed circum[illegible] remedy the evils and damages caus[illegible] flow of water which runs from the ra[illegible] plaintiff's passages. The plaintiff [illegible] surveyed by Mr. Morris, who ha[illegible] report dealing with each of the [illegible] forth the effects thereon of the de[illegible] the necessary remedial measures [illegible] The defendant contended wron[illegible] submitted, that the plaintiff had [illegible] sated for all damage caused to his [illegible] Rs. 3,000 under the agreement.

For the defendant, it was [illegible] mitted that a longi[illegible] tudinal section of the north ap[illegible] proach of the bridge was prepared, and was still a[illegible] long the Municipal records. It was true that the [illegible] line marked on the frontage of the plaintiff's prope[illegible] ties was in keeping with the original plan. This [illegible] had been deviated from to a very trifling e[illegible] tent. The road-way had been raised only a [illegible] way two inches, at no part exceeding nine inches, above [illegible] the proposed level opposite the plaintiff's houses. The [illegible] roadway and the footpath opposite to the houses, a[illegible] they now existed, were constructed previous to the [illegible] month of January, 1887. It was submitted that the [illegible] suit could not be maintained by the plaintiff, and tha[illegible] it was barred by the provisions of section 287 of [illegible] the Bombay Municipal Acts of 1872 and 1878. [illegible] the statements of the plaintiff as to the results of the d[illegible] viation from the original plan upon the plaintiff's [illegible] houses were exaggerated and incorrect. The hou[illegible] has sustained little, if any, damage from the de[illegible] viation; and the measurements and report of Mr. Mor[illegible] the plaintiff's engineer, were founded upon incor[illegible] rect bases and assumptions, and were wholly mi[illegible] leading both in their original and amended forms. [illegible] the compensation to which the plaintiff said [illegible] he was entitled was far in excess of the dam[illegible] age caused to his property by the deviation. The pl[illegible] aintiff had already received Rs. 3,000 under the agre[illegible] ment, referred to. The damages caused to his houses [illegible] if the postpoud fall short of the sum of Rs. 2,000, which the [illegible] defendant paid into Court without waiving any of [illegible] the above defences and contentions.

The hearing of the evidence was proceeded with until the rising of the Court.

ALL those who appreciate the [illegible] White Teeth Purity of the Mouth, and a Breath[illegible] Flower should use Kemp & CO.'s FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR, which is both a perfect dentifrice and [illegible] the same time a delicious Mouth-Wash. For bottles [illegible] 1s and Rs. 2-8;

PASSENGERS BY THE ITALIAN MAIL STEAMER.

The following is a list of passengers booked per Italian Mail steamer, Domenico Balduino, Commander G. Dodero, to sail to-day for Naples and Genoa:—Mrs. S. V. Halsey, Miss Halsey, Mrs. Julia L. Bowen, Col. W. J. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Acworth and child and infant, Mr. W. Carter, Miss Carter, Mr. F. G. Teale, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Samuells, Mr. and Mrs. Oswald C. Lees, Mrs. Hobson and infant, Miss Smith, Mrs. H. F. D. Pennington child and infant, Profr. and Mrs. C. A. Plath, Mr. P. Rordern, Dr. Alberto da Sonza Larcher, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Sorgen, and two sons, Mr. Schwartz, Lt. and Mrs. Kreyer, Mr. H. W. J. Bagnell, Mr. Carlo Augosto Salinas, Sign. A. Zanini, Mr. G. Owsen Dunn, Revd. G. Gothard, Mr. E. Leggatt, C. S., Col. T. H. Brooke, Monsr. Henry Moet, Mr. and Mrs. W. Maxwell Maynard, Mr. J. C. Batchler, Mr. J. W. D. Johnstone, Cavaliere G. Crespi, Principe and Principessa Colonna di Stigliano, Mr. Gordon Leith, Mr. Landale, Mrs. Condon, Infant and ayah, Mr. Tandy, Mrs. Boys, Mr. Dadabhoy C. Pardunjee, Mrs. Johnagir C. Bhedwar and ayah, Mr. Paschal Barret DeSouza, Mr. B. C. DaCosta Captain G. E. DeMarchi, Mdlle. Dumont, Mr. Hjalmar Lie.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	7 pct.	785
Bank of Bengal	12,000	500	all	10 do.	860xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	14 do.	745
EXCHANGE BANK.					
Agra Bank	10,000	8	6	8 do.	120
Hong. and Shang. B.	20,000	100	all	174 do.	245
Corporation		$195			
National Bank of India	87,320	250		5 pct.	125

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R.[illegible] per cent. Stock	..	£100	—	£160
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent	..	£100	—	£161½

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 1015	1000
Empire Fire Insurance Co	200	5,000	1,000	Rs. 751	1,050
Indian Fire Insurance Co	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 99	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 190	2,000

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown & Co. Ld.	1,000	200	200	1 p.	185
Badhan Pile & Co. Ld.	750	200	180	5 p. ct.	135
Bapty Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	152
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.	975	500	185	Rs. 14	62
Bombay Flour Mills Co.	750	500	500	11 p. ct.	500
Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	15 p. ct.	135
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited	1,350	100	100	Rs. 2	95
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	3,500	1,500	Rs. 135	2,775
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	375	Rs. 33½	690
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	5 p.c.	105
Clydesdale Dystuff Co	1,000	500	500	..	530
Cooper, Madon & Co. Ld.	3,000	100	100	Rs. 10	69
Dyers & Co., Ld.	800	100	40	..	44
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	10½
Kaiser-i-Hind Coal Mining Co., Limited	42,000	95	25	..	9½
Kurlandschen Lighterage Co., Ld.	50	250	250	..	190
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	100	Rs. 26	360
Manon & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	..	Rs. 10	80xd
Napier Hotel Co.	800	100	10	13 p.c.	80
Napier Foundry Mfg. Co.	1,500	100	100	..	104xd
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	16 p.c.	115
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	3 p. c.	17
Pearce and Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 1	40
Port Canning Co.	6,000	600	100	Rs. 9	340
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	2 p.c.	101
Remedy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	3 p.c.	95
Telephone Co., Ld.	12,200	25	25	Rs. 1	25
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	400	Rs. 15	1,200
Thacker & Co., Ltd.	1,500	100	100	..	195
Western India Flour Mills	900	25	125	nil	40
M. Moos & Co.	1,000	1,000	..	9	165

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Design	700	1,250	1,250	Rs. 54	1,000
Albert Glazing Co.	3400	500	500	Rs.	525
Albert Press Co. (Lithography)	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	880
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	240
Bellasis	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	250
Brault's Cawnpore F. Co., Ld.	0	200	200	Rs. 16	110xd
Bombay Cotton Press	100	125	125	Rs. 15	162½
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 900	695
Dhollers P. & G. Co.	0	300	300	12	95
East India Press & Mfg. Co., Ltd.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,175
English Press & Mfg. Co., Ltd.	400	250	..	..	275
Fort Press Co.	100	8,500	8,500	Rs. 60	1,275
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 80	550xd
Harvey & Sabe Co., Ld.	450	500	500	Rs. 25	400
Khanderao Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	240	450	all	Rs. 42	345
Press Company Co.	1,000	250	250	Rs. 10	207½
Manmar Jee Press	1,800	125	125	Rs. 5	71½
Mercantile Press	2,125	400	400	Rs. 0	407½
Mofussil Bazar Cotton	1,250	500	500	Rs. 60	490
New Piang & Press Co.	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	80
New Printing Press Co.	600	500	100	Rs. 8	280
Orient Printing Press Co.	800	500	500	Rs. 0	440xd
Sandhurst Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	475
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	125	1,000	1,000	Rs. 125	1,30[illegible]
Standard Press Co.	700	200	200	Rs. 21	90
Stewart Press Co.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs.	660

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES

Ahmedabad S. & W. Co.	1,338	1,000	1,000	..	1375
Albert Edward Mill Co., Ld.	..	..	500	Rs. 25	450
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	Rs. 4	170
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ltd.	1,000	500	500	..	535
Ahmedabad Ginning & M. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	..	..
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	125	125	..	..
Ambica S. & M. Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	..	..
Alliance Cotton Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	600
Bradley & W. Mill, Ld.	871	500	500	Rs. 22½	520
Bombay Cotton Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	500	500	Rs. 20	360
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	900
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	2,750	200	200	..	150
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ltd.	4,500	500	500	Rs. 0	980
City of Bombay Mfg. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 32	900xd
Colaba Land & Mill Co., Ltd.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 30	760
Connaught Mills Co., Ld.	840	500	500	Rs. 30	625
Cowasji S. & W. Co., Ltd.	..	..	..	..	..
David Mills Co. Ltd.	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	610
Dhun Mills, Ltd.	1,000	500	330	..	35
Empress S. & W. Co., Ltd.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1025
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Ltd.	1,414	500	500	Rs. 2	725
Gordon S. & M'f'g. Co. Ld.	250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	600
Gooiam Babu S. & W. Co., Limited	9,700	150	150	..	195
Gujerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited	2,000	500	500	..